**Register Number:** 

Class:





# NAN CHIAU HIGH SCHOOL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2024 SECONDARY FOUR EXPRESS

#### MATHEMATICS

4052/02

Paper 2

19 August 2024, Monday

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, class and register number in the spaces at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of  $\pi$ .

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question. The total marks for this paper is 90.

# Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount = 
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = 
$$\pi r l$$
  
Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$   
Volume of a cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$   
Volume of a sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$   
Area of triangle  $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$   
Arc length =  $r\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians  
Sector area =  $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

**Statistics** 

$$Mean = \frac{\Sigma f x}{\Sigma f}$$

Standard deviation = 
$$\sqrt{\frac{\Sigma f x^2}{\Sigma f} - \left(\frac{\Sigma f x}{\Sigma f}\right)^2}$$

# Answer all questions.

1 (a) Simplify  $\frac{9a^2-4b^2}{3ap+6aq-4bq-2bp}$ .

Answer ......[3]

(b) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{x}{6-7x-5x^2} + \frac{2}{5x-3}$ .

(c) Solve the inequality 
$$-\frac{1}{2} < \frac{2y}{5} - \frac{1+y}{3} \le \frac{5}{6}$$
.

2 A closed container, in the shape of a cone, is partially filled with water to a height of 25 cm as shown in **Diagram I**.

The diameter of the container is 38 cm and the height of the container is 40 cm.



(a) Calculate the amount of water in the container, leaving your answer in litres.

Answer .....litres [3]

The container is subsquently inverted so that the water flows to the base of the cone as shown in **Diagram II**.

(b) Calculate the height of the water, h cm, in the cone as shown in **Diagram II**.

- 3 Sam, Jane and Peter each decided to purchase a new car priced at \$108 888.
  - (a) Sam paid for his new car in cash and was given a discount by the salesman. Given that Sam paid \$100 176.96, find the percentage discount he received.

Answer ...... % [2]

(b) Jane paid 15% of the cash price as deposit and take a loan for the remaining amount from the bank which charges simple interest at the rate of 2.98% per annum over a period of five years.

Calculate the monthly instalment Jane had to pay over the five years period.

*Answer* \$..... [4]

(c) Peter paid \$18 888 as deposit and take a loan for the remaining amount from the bank which charges compound interest at the rate of R% per annum over a period of ten years. He paid a monthly instalment of \$960.

Calculate the value of *R*.

4 Three bakery outlets A, B and C tracked the number of caramel, strawberry and mint cupcakes sold in a week in the table shown below.

	Caramel Cupcakes	Strawberry Cupcakes	Mint Cupcakes
Outlet A	60	68	55
Outlet B	49	56	71
Outlet C	53	70	80

This information can be represented by the matrix  $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 49 & 56 \\ 49 & 56 \end{pmatrix}$ 

- $\begin{pmatrix} 60 & 68 & 55 \\ 49 & 56 & 71 \\ 53 & 70 & 80 \end{pmatrix}$
- (a) Caramel cupcakes cost \$1.20 each to bake. Strawberry cupcakes cost \$1.50 each to bake. Mint cupcakes cost \$0.95 each to bake.

Represent these costs in a  $3 \times 1$  column matrix **Q**.

Answer 
$$\mathbf{Q} = [1]$$

(b) Evaluate the matrix  $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{PQ}$ .

Answer 
$$\mathbf{R} =$$
 [2]

(c) State what each element of matrix **R** means.

.....[1]

(d) The selling price of each caramel, strawberry and mint cupcake are marked up by 200%, 150% and 300% of the respective cost price.
Calculate the total amount of profit the three bakery outlets collected in a month.

*Answer* \$.....[4]

5



The diagram shows four points *W*, *X*, *Y* and *Z* in an open field where *W* is due north of *Y*. WZ = 12.5 m and WX = 10.3 m. Angle  $WZY = 102.6^{\circ}$ , angle  $WYZ = 34^{\circ}$  and angle  $XWY = 45.3^{\circ}$ .

(a) Calculate XY.

Answer ..... m [4]

(b) Calculate the bearing of *W* from *Z*.

A vertical tree of height 8 m is situated at point Z. A man whose height is 1.9 m, walks from point Y to point W.

- (c) Find the greatest angle of elevation of the top of the tree from the top of the man's head.

[3] Answer .....

6 The variables x and y are connected by the equation  $y = \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{1}{x} - 1$ . Some corresponding values of x and y are given in the table.

x	-2	-1	-0.5	0.5	1	2	3	4	5
у	-0.7	-1.8	-3	1.1	0.2	0.3	1.1	2.5	т

(a) Find the value of *m*.

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of 
$$y = \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{1}{x} - 1$$
 for  $-2 \le x \le 5$ . [3]

(c) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at (1, 0.2).

(d) Use your graph to find the solutions of the equation  $x^2 + \frac{5}{x} - 4x - 4 = 0$  in the range  $-2 \le x \le 5$ .



(a) Show that triangles *RBC* and *RPQ* are similar.

(b) Show that  $\overrightarrow{PC} = -\frac{3}{2}(5a + b)$ . Answer

7

(c) Given that A is a point on QB such that QA : AB = 2 : 1. Express  $\overrightarrow{AC}$  in terms of a and b. [3]

( <b>d</b> )	State one fact about <i>P</i> , <i>A</i> and <i>C</i> .	
		[1]
(e)	Explain why the areas of triangle <i>PAB</i> and triangle <i>QAC</i> are equal.	
		[2]
( <b>f</b> )	Find	

(i)  $\frac{area \ of \ \Delta ABC}{area \ of \ \Delta QBC}$ ,

(ii)  $\frac{area \ of \ \Delta ABC}{area \ of \ \Delta RPQ}$ .

8 The cumulative frequency curve shows the distribution of the lengths (cm) of 800 lobsters caught in May during a lobster fishing trip.



(a) Use the graph to estimate

(i) the median length,

Answer ..... cm [1]

(ii) the interquartile range.

(b) To ensure sustainability of the lobster population, it is illegal to catch lobsters shorter than 8.3 cm or longer than 12.7 cm.
Estimate the percentage of lobsters that needs to be released.

Answer ......% [2]

(c) The lengths of another 800 lobsters caught in June are recorded. The box-and-whisker plot shows the distribution of the lengths.

**(d)** 

7 8	9	10	11	12	1

Lengths of lobsters (cm)

Make two comments comparing the lengths of the lobsters caught in May and June. Use figures to support your answers.

1	
	•
2	•
	. [2]
Jill makes a claim that "fishermen are able to keep a larger percentage of their lobsters in June as compared to May". Do you agree?	\$
	•
	[1]



*K*, *L*, *M*, *N* and *H* are points on the circle, centre *O*. *GJ* is a tangent to the circle at *H* and *LOH* and *LKI* are straight lines. Angle *NHG* = 15°, angle *OML* = 47° and angle *LIJ* = 118°

(a) Find, giving reasons for each answer,

(i) angle *MNH*,

(ii) angle MOH,

(iii) angle KNH.

Answer .....

[2]

(b) Explain whether *MN* and *LI* are parallel lines.

10 Jack visited the Super Nintendo World in Japan and bought a night light in the shape of a star as shown in **Diagram I**. The star-shaped night light can be modelled as a prism with a cross sectional area as shown in **Diagram II**.



The star-shaped cross sectional area is formed by a regular pentagon, *ABCDE* and five identical equilateral triangles. O is the centre of the star. The thickness of the prism is 12 cm and AP = 10 cm.

(a) Calculate the star-shaped cross sectional area.

Jack wants to build a wooden frame for the night light and mount it onto the wall using an adhesive tape. The night light fits exactly inside the wooden frames as shown in **Design I** and **Design II**. The adhesive tape is applied to one face of the cross surface area of the wooden frame before mounting onto the wall.

In **Design I**, the wooden frame has an uniform width of 6 cm.

In **Design II**, the wooden frame is made up of five identical isosceles trapezium prisms with a height of 6 cm.

The thickness of the wooden frame is 12 cm.



(b) Which design should Jack choose to satisfy the condition of the maximum mass that the adhesive tape can hold? Justify your decision with calculations.

Continuation of working space for question **10(b)**.

End of paper

Answer Key 3a+2b  $\overrightarrow{AC} = -\frac{5}{2}a - \frac{1}{2}b \text{ or } -\frac{1}{2}(5a+b)$ 1a7c) p+2q-x-41 b) **f)(i)** (3-5x)(2+x)3  $-2\frac{1}{2} < y \le 17\frac{1}{2}$ 1 (ii) c) 12 10.6 cm 2a)8a)(i) 3.69 litres b) 3.56 cm 1.3 cm (ii) 8% 5.625% 3a) b) \$1772.42 9a)(i) 133° b) 2.50 94° C) (ii) (1.20) 4a) 28° (iii) Q = 1.50 0.95 (226.25) $389 \, cm^2$ 10a) b) R = 210.25244.60 Design I The elements in R represent the total cost of b) C) Total Mass = 7549.4592 + 600baking caramel, strawberry and mint  $= 8149.4592 \ grams$ cupcakes in outlet A, B and C respectively Design II \$5649.60 d) Total Mass = 7332.174 + 600 $= 7932.174 \ grams$ 5a) 16.3 mSince 7932.174 < 8000 < 316.6° b) 8149.4592 grams, Jack should choose 35.4° Design II. C) m = 4.26a) b) Gradient = -0.6C) Plot graph of  $y = \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{1}{5}$ **d**)

 $x = -1.35 + 0.05 \ or$ 

 $0.75 \pm 0.05$  or  $4.6 \pm 0.05$