



聖嬰中學

HOLY INNOCENTS' HIGH SCHOOL



Established in 1892

Candidate Name

Class

Index Number

END OF YEAR EXAMINATION 2023

SECONDARY 3

Humanities (Geography)

2260/02

Date 05 Oct 2023

**:
Duration: 1hr 45min**

INSERT

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

This Insert contains additional resources referred to in the questions.

*This document consists of **11** printed pages (including cover page) and 1 blank page.*

Fig. 1.1 for Question 1

Map of Chinatown

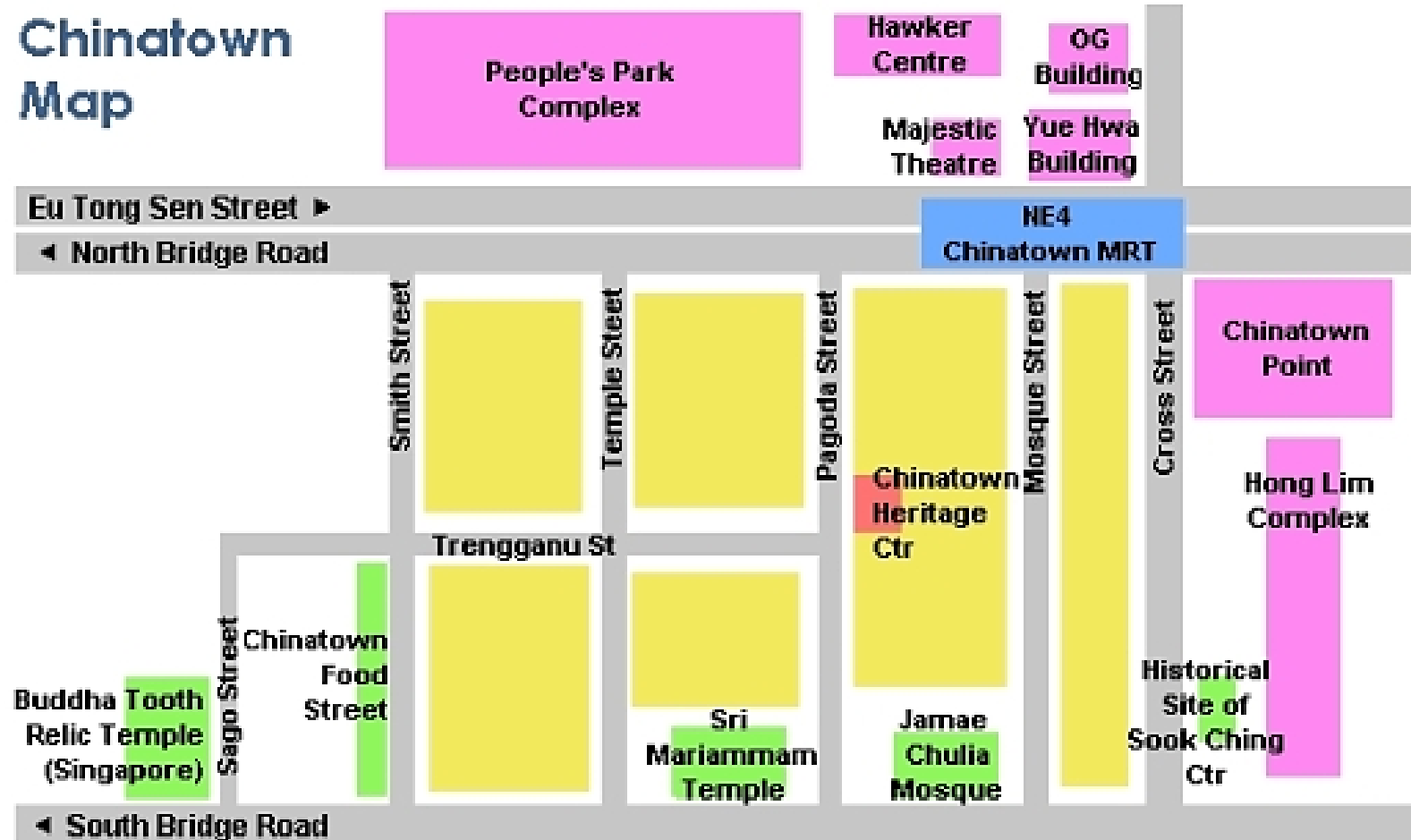


Fig. 1.2 for Question 1
Location of students at Chinatown



Fig. 1.4 for Question 1

Survey created by students about why Asian tourists decide to travel to Singapore

SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE:
1. Age Group: <input type="checkbox"/> 11-20 <input type="checkbox"/> 21-30 <input type="checkbox"/> 31-40 <input type="checkbox"/> 41-50 <input type="checkbox"/> >50
2. What is your main reason for travelling to Singapore? <input type="checkbox"/> Holiday/Leisure <input type="checkbox"/> Business/Work-Related <input type="checkbox"/> Visiting Relatives <input type="checkbox"/> Others:
3. How long will you be staying in Singapore? <input type="checkbox"/> 1 day <input type="checkbox"/> 2-4 days <input type="checkbox"/> 5-7 days <input type="checkbox"/> 1-2 weeks <input type="checkbox"/> >2 weeks

Fig. 1.5 for Question 1

Results from the data collection

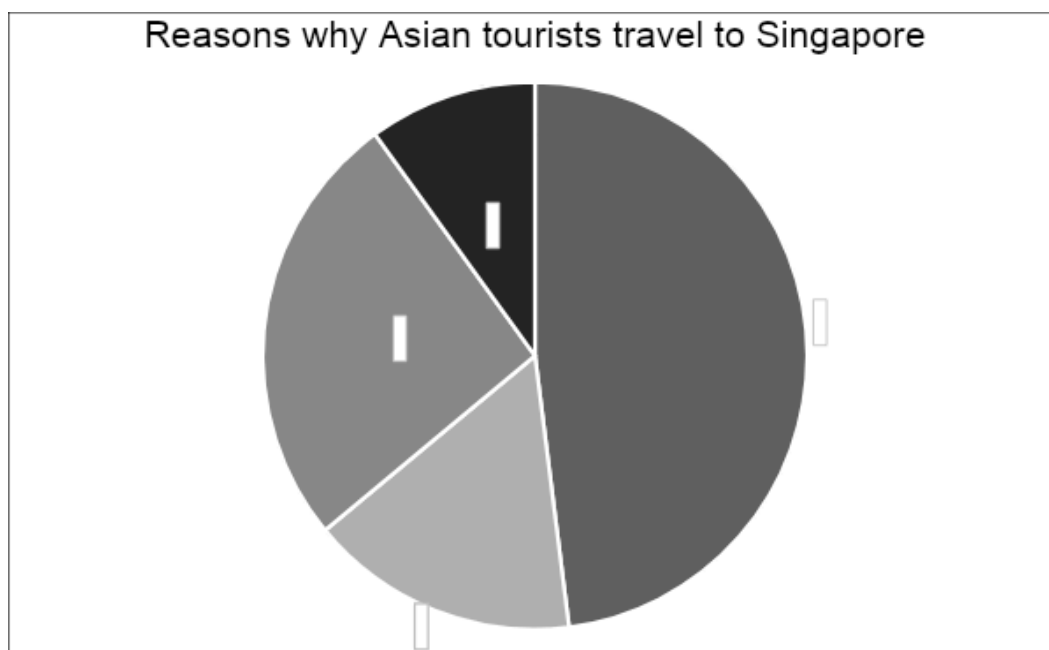


Fig. 2.1 for Question 2

Two precincts in the Bangkit, Bukit Panjang Neighbourhood, Singapore

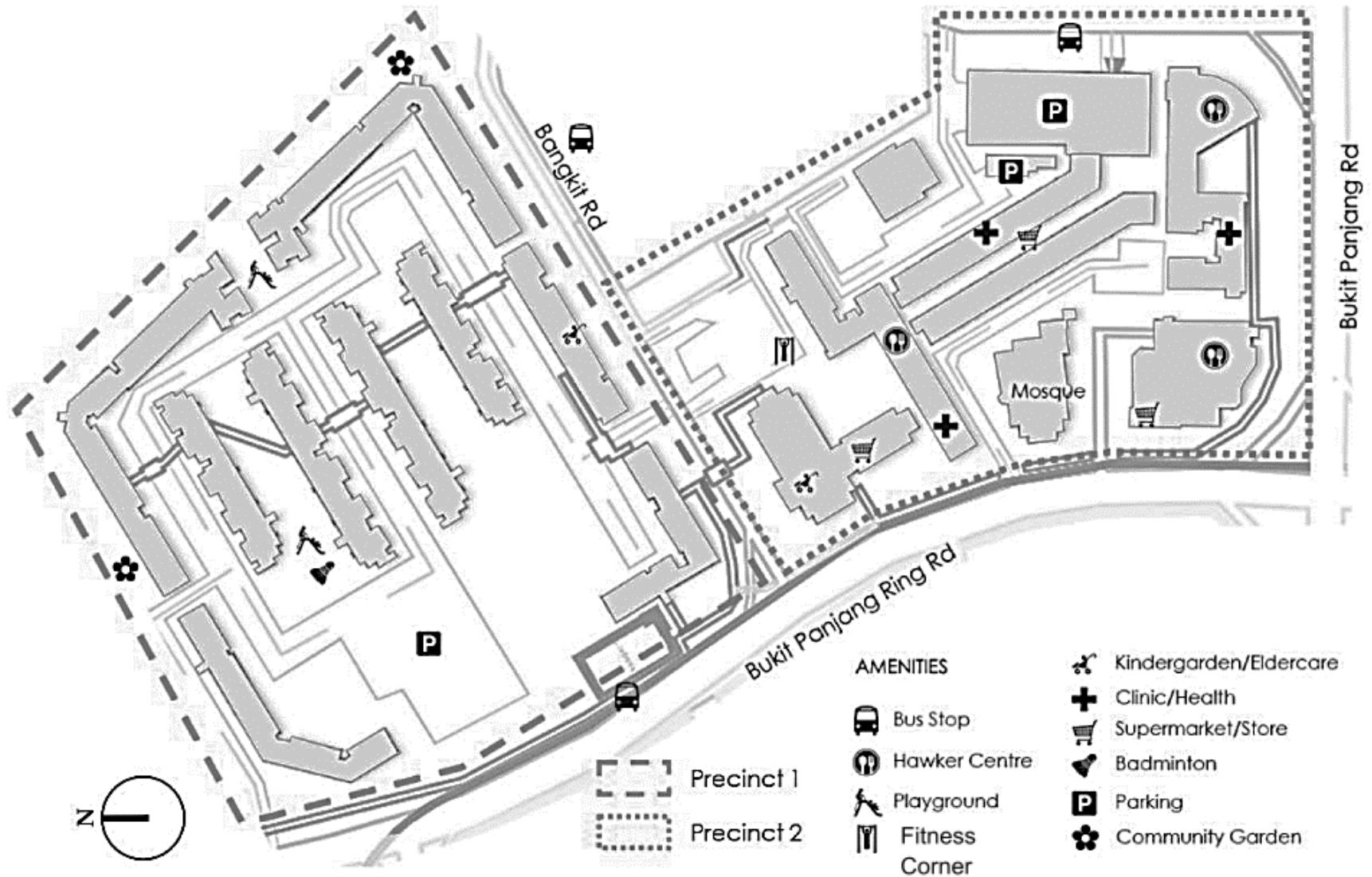


Fig. 2.2 for Question 2

A newspaper extract about rewilding* the Rail Corridor

Community volunteers help weed and plant to rewild parts of Rail Corridor

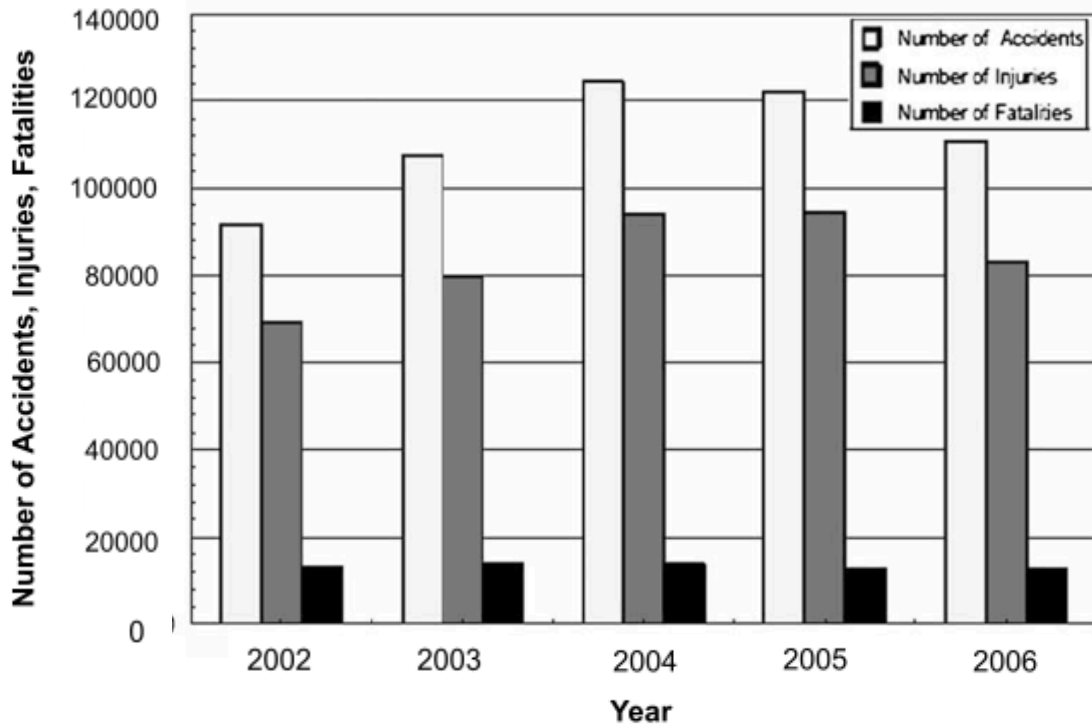
Since 10th February 2023, volunteers for the Nature Society Singapore (NSS) have started planting native saplings along a 1.3km stretch which will become a forest decades from now and attract various wildlife. Currently, some birds such as the straw-headed bulbuls, can already be heard piping from the trees lining the Rail Corridor.

The entire Rail Corridor spans 24km and is part of Singapore's overall plan to create a 360km islandwide network of recreational routes to enable every household to be able to walk to a park in 10 minutes by 2030.

*Meaning of 'rewilding': To protect an environment and return it to its natural state, such as growing plants which used to grow there.

Fig. 2.3 for Question 2

Information on different road traffic statistics in Thailand from 2002 to 2006.



Legend:

□ : Number of Accidents

■ : Number of Injuries

■ : Number of Fatalities

Fig. 3.1 for Question 3

Tourist arrivals to Singapore from selected countries, from 1997-2003

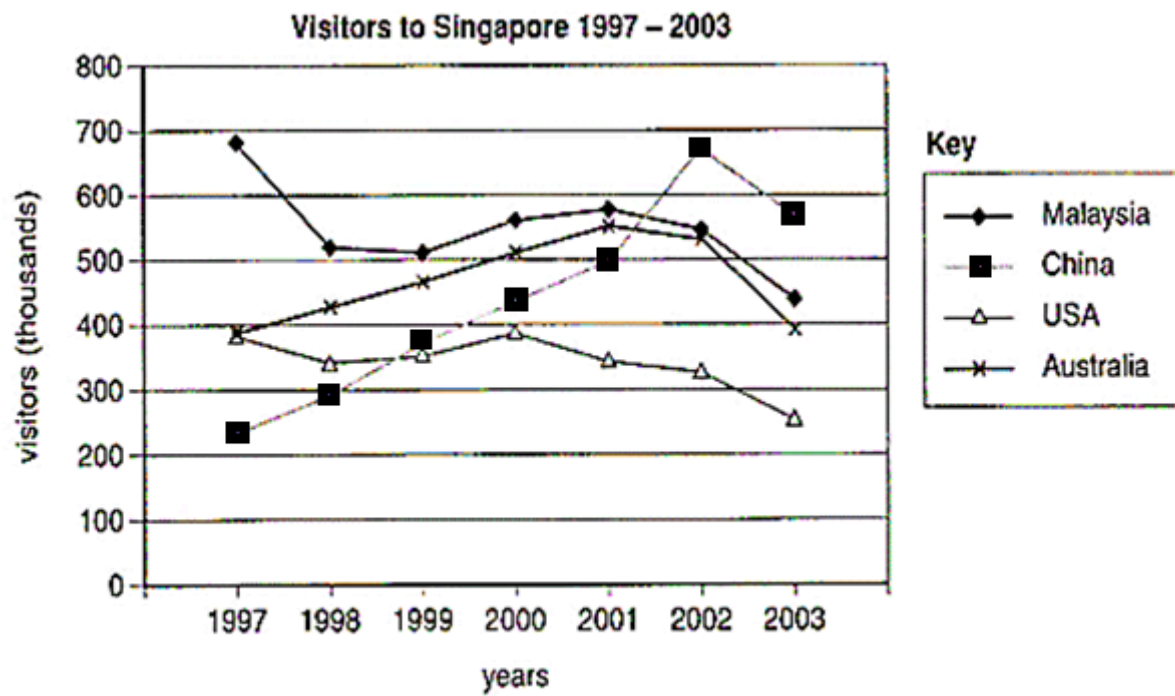


Fig. 3.2 for Question 3

Tourists at a beach resort in Bali, Indonesia



Fig. 3.3 for Question 3

Tourists participating in a slum tour* in Jakarta, Indonesia



*Slum tours are a type of city tourism where tourists visit extremely poor and poverty-stricken locations.

Fig. 3.4 for Question 3

A newspaper extract about the new Coastal PlayGrove adventure playground

Former Big Splash site converted into new family-friendly destination

Big Splash, a water theme park at East Coast Park, opened in 1977. During its heydays, Big Splash welcomed tens of thousands of visitors every month with its iconic five-lane coloured slides. The water park closed in 2006 and was redeveloped as a dining and lifestyle destination that eventually closed again in 2016 due to the low visitor and tourist numbers.

Redevelopment works for Coastal PlayGrove started in 2017 by National Parks (NParks). In 2021, the site was reopened again and is now known as the Coastal PlayGrove. It now features structures and designs that are similar to the Big Splash water park, including a 16-metres play structure that is a reconstruction of the Big Splash tower. Today, it is a popular park, attracting many families to visit on weekends.

Fig. 3.5 for Question 3

Stages of tourism development

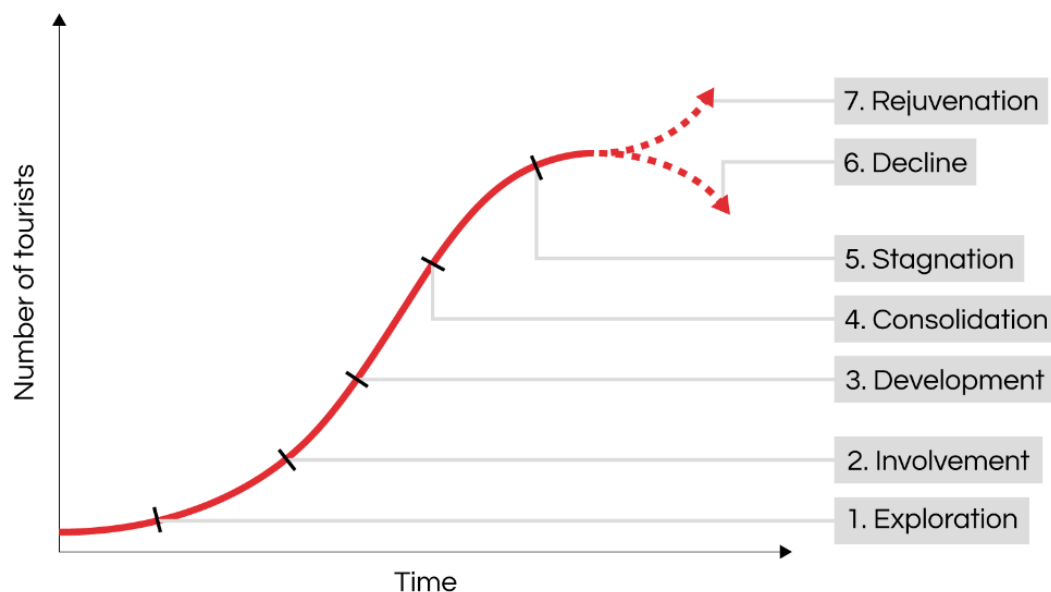


Fig. 3.6 for Question 3

An online promotion by Scoot, a budget airline company



Copyright Acknowledgements:

Question 1	Fig. 1.1	© https://justapieceofme.wordpress.com/2011/03/09/singapore-trip-chinatown/
Question 1	Fig. 1.2	© https://www.alamy.com/stock-photo-chinatown-in-singapore-chinatown-mrt-station-77944754.html
Question 2	Fig. 2.1	© https://www.mdpi.com/1660-4601/18/13/6880
Question 2	Fig. 2.2	© https://www.straitstimes.com/singapore/environment/community-volunteers-help-weed-and-plant-to-re-wild-parts-of-rail-corridor
Question 2	Fig. 2.3	© https://www.researchgate.net/figure/fig2_51404402/actions#reference
Question 3	Fig. 3.2	© https://bali.com/places/category/beach-bars/indonesia/bali/seminyak-petitenget/
Question 3	Fig. 3.3	© https://www.humanrights-in-tourism.net/sites/default/files/media/file/2020/rc026slum-tourism-helping-fight-poverty-or-voyeuristic-exploitation-image-1199.pdf

- Question 3 Fig. 3.4 ©
<https://www.straitstimes.com/singapore/former-big-splash-site-converted-into-new-family-friendly-destination-with-water-play>
- Question 3 Fig. 3.6 ©<https://www.facebook.com/flyscoot/photos/a.241287689264100/562028387190027/?type=3>

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