Section A

For each question, there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider to be correct.

- When 10.0 cm³ of a 0.10 mol dm⁻³ solution of alkali metal salt MXO₃ was reduced with an excess of acidified potassium iodide solution, the resulting iodine required 60.0 cm³ of 0.10 mol dm⁻³ sodium thiosulfate solution for its reduction. The anion could be reduced to
 - $A XO_2$
 - **B** XO²⁻
 - C XO-
 - $D X^-$
- **2** The use of Data Booklet is relevant to this question.

The successive ionization energies, in $kJ \text{ mol}^{-1}$, of an element \mathbf{X} are given below.

870 1800 3000 3600 5800 7000 13200

What is X?

- **A** 33As
- **B** 53I
- **C** 80
- D ₅₂Te
- **3** Which of the following is a redox reaction?
 - **A** $AlH_3(g) + H^-(g) \rightarrow AlH_4^-$
 - **B** Al^{3+} (aq) + $3OH^{-}$ (aq) $\rightarrow Al(OH)_3$ (s)
 - C $2 \text{ A}l \text{ (s)} + 3\text{C}l_2 \text{ (g)} \rightarrow 2\text{A}l\text{C}l_3 \text{ (s)}$
 - **D** AlO_2^- (aq) + H^+ (aq) + H_2O (I) $\rightarrow Al(OH)_3$ (s)

- 4 10 cm³ of a hydrocarbon was mixed with 100 cm³ of oxygen gas which is in excess. The mixture was exploded and after it was cooled to room temperature, the residual gases occupied a volume of 80 cm³. Upon passing the gases through potassium hydroxide, this volume decreased to 50 cm³. What is the formula of the unknown hydrocarbon?
 - A C_3H_6
 - $B C_3H_8$
 - \mathbf{C} C_4H_8
 - **D** C_4H_{10}
- A sample of 0.025 mol of the chloride of an element Z was dissolved in distilled water and the solution made up to 500cm³. 12.5 cm³ of this solution reacted with 25 cm³ of 0.1 mol dm⁻³ silver nitrate solution. What is the most likely formula of the chloride?
 - $A Z_2Cl$
 - **B** ZCl
 - \mathbf{C} ZC l_2
 - D ZCl_4
- 6 Consider the following four compounds:
 - (I) (CH₃)₃CH
 - (II) CH₃CH₂CH₂OH
 - (III) CH₃CH₂CH₂SH
 - (IV) CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₃

What is the order of the increasing boiling point of the compounds?

- A I, IV, III, II
- B II, III, IV, I
- C III, II, IV, I
- **D** IV, I, II, III

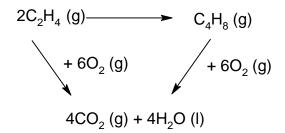
- 7 A lCl_3 reacts with LiA lH_4 and (CH $_3$) $_3$ N to give (CH $_3$) $_3$ NA lH_3 . Which one of the following will be true of (CH $_3$) $_3$ NA lH_3 ?
 - A The Al atom is tetrahedrally coordinated.
 - **B** The A*l* atom is electron deficient.
 - C It contains hydrogen bonding.
 - **D** It is dimeric.
- When 13.08g of zinc dust was added to 250 cm³ of 1.0 mol dm⁻³ aqueous copper (II) sulfate, the temperature of the solution rose by 15°C. The specific heat capacity of the final solution is 4.20 J g⁻¹ K⁻¹.

$$Cu^{2+}(aq) + Zn(s) \rightarrow Zn^{2+}(aq) + Cu(s)$$

What is the enthalpy change for the above reaction?

- **A** -82.9 KJ mol⁻¹
- **B** -78.8 KJ mol⁻¹
- **C** -66.3 KJ mol⁻¹
- **D** -4.12 KJ mol⁻¹

Given the standard enthalpy change of combustion of but-1-ene and ethane are p and q KJ mol⁻¹ respectively. What is the standard enthalpy change of the reaction $2C_2H_4(g) \rightarrow C_4H_8(g)$?



- \triangle 2q p KJ mol⁻¹
- **B** (p + q)/2 KJ mol⁻¹
- **C** $q-2p \text{ KJ mol}^{-1}$
- **D** $(q-p)/2 \text{ KJ mol}^{-1}$
- The data below refers to the standard molar enthalpy changes of combustion of some members of the alkanes.

Alkane	$\Delta H_c^{\theta}/KJ \text{ mol}^{-1}$
CH ₄	-890
C_2H_6	-1560
C ₃ H ₈	-2220
C ₄ H ₁₀	-2880
C ₅ H ₁₂	-3510
C ₆ H ₁₄	-4190

- The enthalpy change of combustion of another alkane $\bf X$ has a standard enthalpy change of combustion of -6780 KJ mol⁻¹. The formula of $\bf X$ is likely to be
- $\textbf{A} \quad C_9H_{20}$
- **B** C₁₀H₂₂
- **C** C₁₁H₂₄
- $\bm{D} \quad C_{12} H_{26}$

11 The data below refers to the radii and charges of six ions.

lon	P^{2+}	Q ⁺	R ⁺	T ²⁻	U ⁻	V ⁻
Radius/nm	0.16	0.19	0.15	0.16	0.19	0.15

PT, QU and RV are ionic solids of the same lattice structure. Which one of the following gives the correct order of their lattice energies with the lowest numerical value first?

- A QU PT RV
- B PT QU RV
- C PT RV QU
- **D** QU RV PT

In the presence of ultraviolet light, the "inert" xenon gas will react with fluorine gas to produce XeF₄ according to the equation,

$$Xe(g) + 2F_2(g)$$
 \longrightarrow $XeF_4(s)$

What is the correct equilibrium constant K_c ?

 $\mathbf{A} \qquad \frac{[Xe][F_2]}{[XeF_4]}$

 $\frac{[XeF_4]}{[Xe][F_2]}$

 $\begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{C} & \underline{\left[XeF_4\right]} \\ & \underline{\left[Xe\right]\left[F_2\right]^2} \end{array}$

 $\frac{1}{[Xe][F_2]^2}$

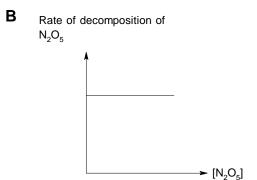
13 Consider the following reaction scheme involving benzaldehyde and ammonia in methanol to form an imine.

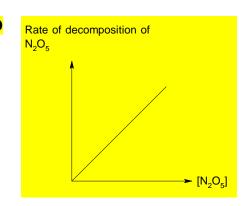


Which of the following statement is true?

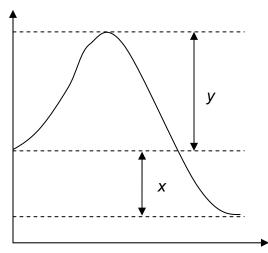
- A The rate of the forward reaction is faster than the backward reaction.
- **B** The forward reaction is favored by the addition of ammonia.
- **C** The backward reaction is favored by the addition of benzaldehyde.
- **D** The value of K_c increases with the addition of ammonia.
- Which one of the following gives the correct definition of an acid according to the Bronsted-Lowry theory?
 - A It dissociates in water to give H⁺(aq) ions.
 - B It is a proton donor.
 - **C** It is a proton acceptor.
 - **D** It is an electron donor.
- What is the pH of the final solution formed by mixing equal volumes of two separate portions of dilute sulfuric acid of pH 2.0 and pH 4.0?
 - **A** 2.3
 - **B** 2.6
 - **C** 3.0
 - **D** 3.6

The decomposition of dinitrogen pentoxide N_2O_5 was found to be first order with respect to the concentration of N_2O_5 . Which one of the following graphs confirms the results?





17 An energy diagram is shown below.



What is the activation energy of the **reverse** reaction?

- **A x**
- **B** *y*
- \mathbf{C} (x+y)
- $D \quad (y-x)$

The reduction of a nitrile produced a compound of formula C₃H₇NH₂. Which of the following would be produced if the same nitrile was heated with hydrochloric acid?

- A CH₃CONH₂
- B CH₃CH₂OH
- CH₃CH₂COOH
- D (CH₃)₂CHCOOH

Serotonin is a monoamine neurotransmitter.

Serotonin

How many sigma (σ) and pi (π) bonds does **serotonin** have?

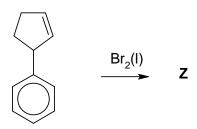
- **A** 26σ and 2π
- B 26σ and 4π
- **C** 28σ and 2π
- **D** 28σ and 4π
- Which one of the following, in alcoholic solution, produces a precipitate most rapidly when warmed with aqueous silver nitrate?
 - A 1-chlorobutane
 - **B** 1-bromobutane
 - C 1-iodobutane
 - **D** chlorobenzene

21 Consider the four compounds below:

CH ₃ CO ₂ H	CH ₃ CH ₂ OH	CH ₂ FCO ₂ H	CHF ₂ CO ₂ H
[II	III	IV

Which of the following sequence arrange the compounds in increasing pH for their aqueous solutions?

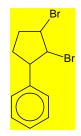
- **A** II, IV, III, I
- B IV, III, I, II
- C II, I, III, IV
- **D** I, III, IV, II
- A student attempts to synthesis compound **Z** from the following synthetic route.



What is compound **Z** that is formed in this reaction?

A

В

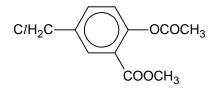


С

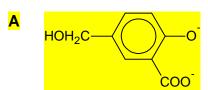


D

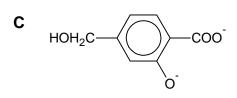
Which one of the following represents the organic ion produced when an excess of hot aqueous sodium hydroxide is added to compound **P**?



Ρ



B 0 H₂C OH



D 0 H₂C — COO OH

What is the total number of possible of geometric isomers that can be formed when the following compound reacts with excess concentrated H₂SO₄?

- **A** 2
- **B** 4
- **C** 6
- **D** 8

Compound **Q** was subjected to the following tests and the results were recorded below.

Reagents and Conditions	Observations	
Acidified KMnO ₄ , warm	Purple solution turns colorless	
	with CO ₂ evolved.	
Fehling's reagent, warm	No precipitate observed	
Tollen's reagent, warm	Silver Mirror observed	

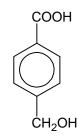
Which of the following could be ${\bf Q}$?





В

C



D

Section B

For each question, one or more of the three numbered statements 1 to 3 may be correct.

Decide whether each of the statements is or is not correct (you may find it helpful to put a tick against the statements which you consider to be correct).

The responses **A** to **D** should be selected on the basis of

Α	В	С	D
1, 2 and 3	1 and 2 only	2 and 3 only	1 only
are correct	are correct	are correct	is correct

No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

- Which of the following particles would, on losing an electron have a half-filled set of p orbitals?
 - 1 N
 - **2** C⁻
 - 3 O⁺
- Which of the following systems contain delocalised electrons?
 - 1 Cyclohexene
 - 2 Graphite
 - 3 Sodium
- Which oxide has a molecular structure?
 - 1 Al_2O_3
 - Cl_2O_7
 - P_2O_5

The responses A to D should be selected on the basis of

Α		В (C D
1, 2 and	3 1 and	d 2 only 2 and	3 only 1 only
are corre	ect are	correct are c	orrect is correct

No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

- In which of the following reaction(s) does the underlined reagent provide an electrophile for the reaction indicated?
 - 1 $HBr + CH_2 = CH_2 \rightarrow CH_3CH_2Br$
 - 2 $\underline{\mathsf{HCN}}$ + $\mathsf{CH_3COCH_3} \to \mathsf{CH_3C(OH)CNCH_3}$
 - 3 NaOH + CH₃CHClCH₃ \rightarrow CH₃CH(OH)CH₃ + NaCl
- Which of the following statement(s) is/are true about the product obtained when piperitone is heated with hydrogen gas in the presence of nickel catalyst?

- 1 It reacts with sodium metal.
- 2 It reacts with acidified potassium manganate(VII).
- 3 It reacts with 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine.

Key:

1	D	11	D
2	D	12	D
3	C	13	В
4	В	14	В
5	D	15	Α
6	Α	16	D
7	Α	17	Α
8	В	18	С
9	Α	19	В
10	В	20	С

21	С
22	В
23	Α
24	В
25	Α
26	D
27	С
28	С
29	D
30	В

16 ITurn Over