

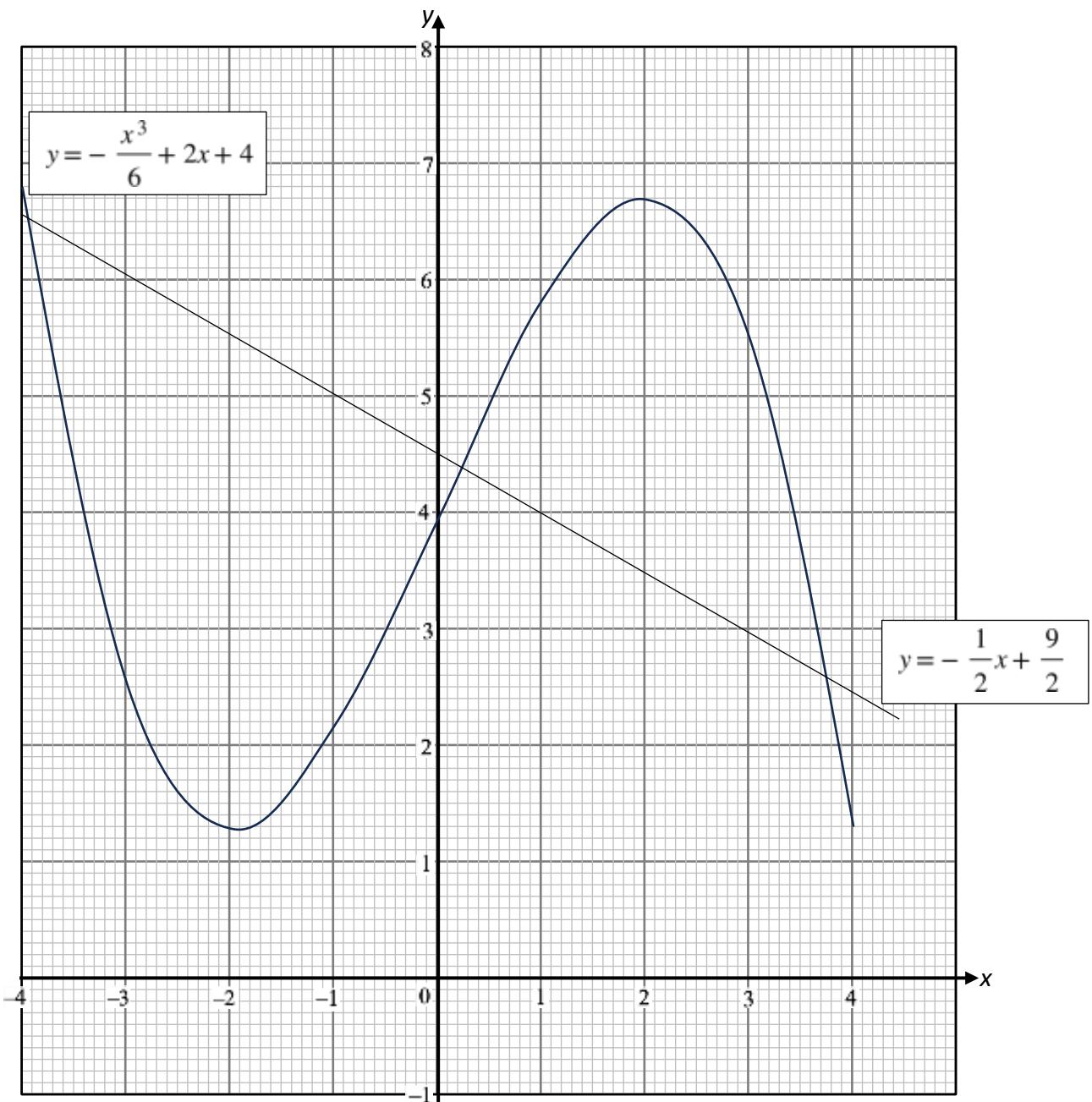
2023 Sec 4E/5N Prelim Math Paper 2 Marking Scheme

QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
1a(i)	$p = \frac{4}{25}$ or 0.16	B1	N5 AO1
1a(ii)	$p = \frac{2+f}{4f-1}$ $p(4f-1) = 2+f$ $4pf - p = 2+f$ $4pf - f = 2+p$ $f(4p-1) = 2+p$ $f = \frac{2+p}{4p-1}$	M1 (x multiply)       A1	N5 AO1
1b	$\frac{3}{x-2} - \frac{4}{2x+3}$ $= \frac{3(2x+3) - 4(x-2)}{(x-2)(2x+3)}$ $= \frac{6x+9 - 4x+8}{(x-2)(2x+3)}$ $= \frac{2x+17}{(x-2)(2x+3)}$	M1 (common denominator)      A1	N5 AO1
1c	$3x - 2y = 56 \text{----(1)}$ $3y + 5x = 1.5 \text{----(2)}$ $(1) \times 3, (1) \times 2$ $9x - 6y = 168 \text{----(3)}$ $6y + 10x = 3 \text{----(4)}$ $(3)+(4)$ $19x = 171$ $x = 9, y = -14.5$	M1 (for subst/elim method)      A1, A1	N7 AO1

QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
1d	$\frac{y+2}{2} - \frac{10}{3y+2} = 0$ $\frac{y+2}{2} = \frac{10}{3y+2}$ $(y+2)(3y+2) = 20$ $3y^2 + 2y + 6y + 4 - 20 = 0$ $3y^2 + 8y - 16 = 0$ $(3y - 4)(y + 4) = 0$ $3y - 4 = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad y + 4 = 0$ $y = \frac{4}{3} \quad \quad \quad y = -4$	M1 (Form Quadratic Eqn) A1, A1	N7 AO1
2a	CPF funds $0.20 \times 6000 = \$1200$  Ordinary Account $63\% \times 4800 = \$756$	B1  B1	N3 AO1
2b	Amount Petrol used $4.4 \times 12.5 = 55l$  Petro Cost $55 \times 2.70 = \$148.50$	B1/M1  B1/A1	N4 AO1
2c	Return after 1 <sup>st</sup> yr $0.025 \times 10000$ $= \$250$  Return after 2 <sup>nd</sup> yr $0.0865 \times 10000 - 250$ $= \$615$  Let $x\%$ be rate of interest for 2 <sup>nd</sup> year $\frac{10250x}{100} = 615$ $x = 6$	M1  A1	N3 AO2

QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
2d	<p>Option B</p> $1.015 \left( \frac{50000}{108} \right)$ $= \$ 469.907$ $= \$ 469.91 \text{ (2dp)}$ <p>Option <u>A</u> because <u>the total charge for Option B is higher than Option A</u></p>	M1 (converting to SGD) M1 (1.5% fee) A1 (only if Option B is calculated correctly)	N10 AO3
3a(i)	150 min	B1	S1/AO1
3a(ii)	$LQ = 138$ $UQ = 160$ $IQR = 160 - 138 = 22$	M1 for LQ/UQ A1	S1 AO1
3b	$200 \times 2 = 400 \text{ mins}$ $= 6 \text{ hr } 40 \text{ mins}$	B1	S1 AO1
3c	Between 140 mins 160 mins Airlines A has $90 - 34 = 56$ movies Airlines B has $106 - 14 = 92$ movies  Airlines <u>B</u> because there are more movies for Ali to choose.	M1 for finding no of movies A1	S1 AO3
3d	Prob of first movie is still playing $= \frac{120 - 13}{120} = \frac{107}{120}$	B1	S2 AO2
3e	Prob of choosing at least 2 comedy movies $\frac{60 \times 59 \times 60}{120 \times 119 \times 118} \times 3 + \frac{60 \times 59 \times 58}{120 \times 119 \times 118}$ $= \frac{1}{2}$	M1 A1	S2 AO1
4a	5.8 (1dp) Graph_	B1 P2 all points plotted correct P1 for 7 points plotted correct else P0 C1	N6/AO1

4a



QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
4b	$1.3 < k < 6.7 \pm 0.1$	B1	N6 AO2
4c(i)	$x^3 - 15x + 3 = 0$ $-x^3 + 15x - 3 = 0$ $-x^3 + 12x - 3 = -3x$ $-x^3 + 12x + 24 = -3x + 27$ $\frac{-x^3 + 12x + 24}{6} = \frac{-3x + 27}{6}$ $\frac{-x^3}{6} + 2x + 4 = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{9}{2}$ $a = -\frac{1}{2}, b = \frac{9}{2}$		N6 AO2 B1, B1
4c(ii)	Refer to graph $x = -3.9 \pm 0.1$ $x = 0.25 \pm 0.1$ $x = 3.75 \pm 0.1$	M1 for drawing $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{9}{2}$ A2 for all correct A1 for 1 or 2 correct	N6 AO2
5a(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$	B1	G7 AO1
5a(ii)	$\vec{PQ} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + 8^2}$ $= \sqrt{68}$ $= 8.246211$ $= 8.25 (3sf)$	B1	G7 AO1

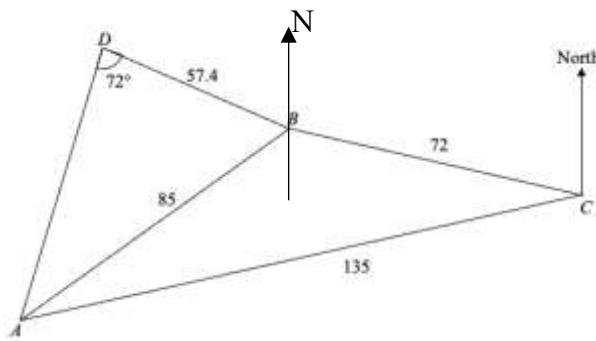
QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
5a(iii)	$\vec{PR} = m\vec{RQ}$ $\vec{OR} - \vec{OP} = m(\vec{OQ} - \vec{OR})$ $\binom{2}{k} - \binom{8}{-4} = m \left( \binom{6}{4} - \binom{2}{k} \right)$ $\binom{-6}{k+4} = m \binom{4}{4-k}$ $-6 = 4m$ $m = -\frac{3}{2}$ $k + 4 = \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)(4 - k)$ $k = 20$ $\vec{OR} = \binom{2}{20}$	M1  A1	G7 AO2
5b(i)	$\vec{BD} = -4a + 8b$ $\vec{BE} = \frac{3}{4} \vec{BD}$ $\vec{BE} = \frac{3}{4} (-4a + 8b)$ $= -3a + 6b$	M1  A1 -1M from whole qn if there is no vector notation	G7 AO1
5b(ii)	$\vec{BF} = \vec{BE} + \vec{EF}$ $= -3a + 6b + 2a - 2b$ $= 4b - a$ $\vec{BC} = 2(4b - a)$ $= 8b - 2a$	M1  A1	G7 AO1

QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
5b(iii)	$\begin{aligned}\vec{DC} &= \vec{DB} + \vec{BC} \\ &= 4a - 8b + 8b - 2a \\ &= 2a\end{aligned}$ $\vec{AB} = 2\vec{DC}$ <p>Since vector <math>AB</math> is a scalar multiple of vector <math>DC</math>, <math>AB</math> is parallel to <math>DC</math>.</p> <p><math>ABCD</math> is <u>trapezium</u> because <u><math>AB</math> is parallel to <math>DC</math></u>.</p>	M1  M1  A1 Must explain scalar multiple therefore $AB$ is // $DC$	G7 AO3
6(a)(i)(a)	angle $EBC = 64^\circ$ (angles in the same segment)	B1	G3 AO1
6(a)(i)(b)	<p>angle <math>EOC = 2 \times 64^\circ = 128^\circ</math> (angles at centre = <math>2 \times</math> angles at circumference)</p> <p>reflex angle <math>EOC = 360^\circ - 128^\circ = 232^\circ</math> (angles at a point)</p>	B1	G3 AO1
6(a)(i)(c)	<p>angle <math>EBC = 64^\circ</math> (angles in the same segment)</p> <p>angle <math>EDC = 180^\circ - 64^\circ = 116^\circ</math> (angles in opposite segments)</p> <p>angle <math>EDG = 180^\circ - 116^\circ - 46^\circ = 18^\circ</math> (adj angles on a str line)</p>	M1  A1  For Qn 6a(i) minus 1 mark if no/wrong reason given	G3 AO1
6(a)(ii)	<p><math>CH = DH</math> (tangent from ext point)</p> <p>angle <math>CHD = 180^\circ - 2(46^\circ) = 88^\circ</math></p> <p>Since angle <math>CHD</math> does not form a right angle in a semi circle, therefor a semicircle with <math>CD</math> as diameter will not pass through <math>H</math>.</p>	M1  A1	G3 AO3

QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
6b(i)	<p>A: angle <math>ORS = \text{angle } PRO</math> (common angle)</p> <p>Angle <math>OSR = x^\circ</math> (base angle of isosceles triangle)</p> <p>Angle <math>OSP = 180^\circ - x^\circ</math> (adj angles on a str line)</p> <p>Angle <math>PQR = x^\circ</math> (angles in opposite segments)</p> <p>A: Angle <math>PQR = \text{angle } OSR = x^\circ</math></p> <p>By AA, triangles <math>ORS</math> and <math>PRQ</math> are similar.</p>	M1 showing both corr angles  No mark if no/wrong reason  A1	G2 AO3
6b(ii)	<p>Since <math>x^\circ = 60^\circ</math>, triangle <math>ORS</math> is equilateral</p> <p><math>OR : QR</math> 1 : 2</p> <p>triangle <math>ORS</math> : triangle <math>PRQ</math> 1 : 4</p> <p>area of triangle <math>ORS</math> and quadrilateral <math>PQOS</math>. 1 : 3</p>	B1  B1 or B2	G2 AO1
7a	$(4x + 10)(x + 20) = 13550$ $4x^2 + 80x + 10x + 200 - 13550 = 0$ $4x^2 + 90x - 13350 = 0$ $2x^2 + 45x - 6675 = 0$	M1  M1 simplification AG1	N7 AO3
7b	$2x^2 + 45x - 6675 = 0$ $x = \frac{-45 \pm \sqrt{45^2 - 4(2)(-6675)}}{2(2)}$ $x = \frac{-45 \pm \sqrt{55425}}{4}$ $x = 47.606 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -70.106$ $x = 47.61 \text{ (2dp)} \quad \text{or} \quad x = -70.11 \text{ (2dp)}$	M1  A1, A1	N7 AO1

7c	<p>Area of paper</p> $= 4(47.606) \times 47.606$ $= 9065.3249 \text{ cm}^2$ $= 0.90653249 \text{ m}^2$ <p>Cost of paper</p> $= 63 \times 0.90653249$ $= \$ 57.1115$ $= \$ 57.11 \text{ (2dp)}$	<p>M1 for Area</p> <p>M1 for conversion to <math>\text{m}^2</math></p>	G5 AO2
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8a



$$135^2 = 85^2 + 72^2 - 2(85)(72) \cos \angle ABC$$

$$18225 = 7225 + 5184 - 12240 \cos \angle ABC$$

$$- 12240 \cos \angle ABC = 18225 - 7225 - 5184$$

$$\cos \angle ABC = \frac{5816}{-12240}$$

$$\angle ABC = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{5816}{-12240} \right)$$

$$\angle ABC = 118.36998^\circ$$

$$\angle ABC = 118.4^\circ \text{ (1dp)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Angle } NBC &= 180^\circ - (360^\circ - 290^\circ) \\ &= 110^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Bearing of } A \text{ from } B = 118.4^\circ + 110^\circ = 228.4^\circ \text{ (1dp)}$$

OR

$$\frac{\sin \angle DAB}{57.4} = \frac{\sin 72^\circ}{85}$$

$$\angle DAB = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{\sin 72^\circ}{85} \times 57.4 \right)$$

$$= 39.959^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned}\angle DBA &= 180^\circ - 72^\circ - 39.959^\circ \\ &= 68.041^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Bearing of } A \text{ from } B &= 360^\circ - (70^\circ + 68.041^\circ) \\ &= 222.0^\circ \text{ (1dp)}\end{aligned}$$

G4  
AO2

M1

M1

A1

B1

OR

M1

A1

M1

A1

QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
8b	$\frac{\sin \angle DAB}{57.4} = \frac{\sin 72^\circ}{85}$ $\sin \angle DAB = \frac{\sin 72^\circ}{85} \times 57.4$ $\angle DAB = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{\sin 72^\circ}{85} \times 57.4 \right)$ $\angle DAB = 39.95926^\circ \text{ or } 180^\circ - 39.95926^\circ \text{ (rej)}$ $\angle ABD = 180^\circ - 39.95926^\circ - 72^\circ = 68.04074^\circ$ <p>Area of <math>ABD</math></p> $= \frac{1}{2} \times 57.4 \times 85 \times \sin 68.04074^\circ$ $= 2262.614527$ $= 2260 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (3sf)}$	M1 A1 M1 A1	G4 AO2

8c	<p>Let <math>DX</math> be the shortest distance from <math>D</math> to <math>AB</math></p> $\sin \angle ABD = \frac{DX}{57.4}$ $DX = \sin 68.04074^\circ \times 57.4$ $DX = 53.235629 \text{ m}$ <p>Or</p> $\frac{1}{2}(85)(DX) = 2262.614527$ $DX = \frac{2 \times 2262.614527}{85}$ $= 53.2379889$ <p>Let largest angle of depression from the top of the mast to point along the path <math>AB</math> be <math>\theta^\circ</math></p> $\tan \theta = \frac{40}{DX}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{40}{53.235629}$ $\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{40}{53.235629} \right)$ $\theta = 36.9203$ $\theta = 36.9^\circ \text{ (1dp)}$	<p>M1</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p>	<p>G4 AO2</p>
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QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
9(a)	<p>Measure distance = 11.9 to 13 cm</p> <p>1 : 4 050 000      1 cm: 4 050 000 cm      1 cm : 4 050 0 m      1 cm : 40.5 km</p> <p>Driving distance = <math>12.4 \times 40.5 \text{ km} = 502 \text{ km}</math>      (nearest km)</p>	<p>M1 for measuring in cm</p> <p>A1 accept 482 to 527 km</p>	N2 AO1
9b	<p>Osaka to rest stop 1  <math>dist = 90 \times 2 = 180 \text{ km}</math></p> <p>Rest stop 1 to 2</p> $time = \frac{200}{100} = 2 \text{ hr}$ <p>Rest stop 2 to Tokyo</p> $time = \frac{502.2 - 180 - 200}{110} = 1.1109 \text{ hr}$ <p>Total duration</p> $2 + 2 + 1.1109 + 0.5 + 0.5 \\ = 6.11 \text{ hr} \\ = 6 \text{ hrs (nearest hour)}$	<p>M1      502.2 or their</p> <p>A1</p>	N10 AO1

QN	Solution	Marks	AO Level
9c	<p>Fuel per way  <math>5.022^* \times 8.2 = 41.1804l</math></p> <p>Total fuel used  <math>41.1804l \times 2 = 82.3608l</math></p> <p>Fuel top up cost  <math>= 82.3608 \times 170</math>  <math>= \text{¥}14\,001.336</math></p> <p><u>Parking</u>  <math>\text{¥}6000 \times 5</math>  <math>= \text{¥}30\,000</math></p> <p><u>Toll Charges</u>  <math>\text{¥}13\,500 \times 2</math>  <math>= \text{¥}27\,000</math></p> <p><u>Total Cost</u>  <math>\text{¥}90\,000 + \text{¥}14\,001.336 + \text{¥}30\,000 + \text{¥}27\,000</math>  <math>= \text{¥}161\,001.336</math></p> <p><u>Bullet Train</u>  <math>1.45(\text{¥}18\,000 \times 2 \times 3)</math>  <math>= \text{¥}156\,600</math></p> <p>Conclusion  Cheaper to travel by bullet train</p>	<p>*their distance  M1  B1  B1  M1  Car Rental must be correct  their Fuel  their Parking  their Toll  Charges  B1  C1 only if previous 5M are awarded.</p>	AO3