# Part 1 Western Classical Tradition [25 marks]

# Question 1 [10 marks]

The recording of Extract 1 will be played **four** times. A skeleton score for this extract is shown in the Insert. All answers are to be written in the spaces below.

Name the tonic key of this extract.	
Identify the interval that is marked out in bar 2.	!
On the printed bars below, complete the right-hand part from bar 7 <sup>2</sup> to bar 8 <sup>1</sup> . The rhythm has been printed above the stave to help you.	
7 ). ). ). )	
State the <b>harmonic</b> function of the note that is marked out in the right hand part in bar 9.	
What key did the extract modulate to in bar 22?	
Identify the chord marked <b>X</b> in bar 28 by writing Roman numerals.	
This extract is taken from the first movement of a piece in Sonata Form. Which section of the Sonata Form is this extract from?	
Exposition Development Recapitulation	

# Question 2 [15 marks]

The recording of Extract 2 will be played **four** times. A skeleton score for this extract is shown in the Insert. All answers are to be written in the spaces below.

a)	Tick	<b>one</b> box that best describes the string accompanimental writing from bar 1—7.	
		Arpeggic Block Chords	
		Scalic Contrapuntal	[1]
b)	(i)	Identify the solo woodwind instrument playing the melody from bars 8—16.	[1]
	(ii)	State the bar and beat number of one place where an <b>acciaccatura</b> is played in the melody by the solo woodwind instrument (bars 8—16).	[1]
c)		cribe <b>two</b> changes that the composer makes when the melody in bars 8—16 is eated in bars 17—23.	
d)	Des	cribe the <b>texture</b> from bars 30—37.	[2]
			[3]
e)		cribe any significant features of the harmony and tonality from bars 24—45.	
·)	(i)	This extract is taken from a four movement symphony in the Romantic period. Which movement is this likely taken from?	[3]
		First Movement Second Movement Third Movement	[1]

(ii)	Give a reason to support your answer in (f)(i).			
		[1]		
(iii)	Give one similarity and difference between the <b>orchestration</b> of this movement and the orchestration of a typical symphony from the classical period.			
	Similarity	[1]		
	Difference	[1]		

### Part 2 Jazz and Popular Music [25 marks]

### Question 3 [13 marks]

The recording of Extract 3 will be played **four** times. A lead sheet for this extract is shown in the Insert. All answers are to be written in the spaces below.

Introduction (Bar 1—4)	Chorus 1 (Bar 5—20)	Chorus 2 (Bar 21—36)	Chorus 3 (Bar 21—38 Repeat)	Interlude (Bar 39— 42)	Chorus 4 (Bar 43—62)	Chorus 5 (Bar 43—62 Repeat)
All	All	Trumpet	Clarinet	All	Clarinet	Trumpet
instruments	instruments	improvisation	improvisation	instruments	improvisation	improvisation

(a)	and	music is played by three frontline solo instruments (trumpet, clarinet, trombone) accompanied by a rhythm section of three instruments. Identify any <b>two</b> rhythm on instruments.				
	Instr	ument 1:	[1]			
	Instr	ument 2:	[1]			
(b)	Intro	pare the <b>texture</b> of the music played by the <b>frontline solo instruments</b> in the duction and in Chorus 1. Describe the differences in texture between the duction and Chorus 1.				
			[3]			
(c)	Wha	t is the key and cadence heard at the end of the Interlude?				
	Key	Cadence	[2]			
(d)	Identify the bar number of one place where a break is heard in Chorus 4.					
	Bar		[1]			
(e)	(i)	What is distinctive about the sound of the trumpet in Chorus 5?				
			[1]			
	(ii)	Describe what the rest of the ensemble are playing in Chorus 5 to accompany the trumpet.				
			[2]			
	(iii)	Give the technical term to describe what the rest of the ensemble are playing.				
			[1]			
<b>(f)</b>	Wha	t style of jazz best describes the music heard in this extract?				

.....[1]

# Question 4 [12 marks]

The recording of Extract 4 will be played **four** times. A lead sheet for this extract is shown in the Insert. All answers are to be written in the spaces below.

(a)	Identify the <b>two</b> instruments that are playing the riff in the Introduction.	
	Instrument 1	[1
	Instrument 2	[1
(b)	Describe <b>two</b> musical features that are played by the bass guitar and drums in Verse 1.	
		[2
(c)	Describe <b>two ways</b> in which <b>musical contrast</b> is created between the Verse (bars 5—12) and Chorus (bars 13—17). Your answer should be supported by relevant musical features of the Verse and Chorus.	
		[4
(d)	Identify the chords used in the Bridge, labelled <b>M</b> and <b>N</b> . The chords in bar 37 and 41 are labelled for your reference.	
	Chord M	[1
	Chord N	[1
(e)	Describe <b>two</b> features of this extract which are typical of the late 1960s pop-rock genre.	
		[2

# Part 3 Asian Music [25 marks]

### Question 5 [13 marks]

The recording of Extract 5 will be played **four** times. All answers are to be written in the spaces below.

(i)	Identify the solo instrument that is heard in the beginning of the extract.
(ii)	Describe the construction and the playing technique of the instrument you have identified in <b>(a)(i)</b> .
Give	e the technical name for the texture heard when all the instruments enter.
Des	cribe <b>two</b> features of the music sung by the voices when they enter.
	ne the tuning system used in the music of this extract.
Des	cribe in detail how time is organised and marked in this music.
(i)	Identify the region where this musical tradition originates.
(ii)	Other than being performed in concert halls today, state another <b>modern</b> performing context for this musical tradition.

# Question 6 [12 marks]

The recording of Extract 6 will be played **four** times. All answers are to be written in the spaces below.

(a)	(i)	Name the <b>melodic</b> instrument heard in this extract.	[1]
	(ii)	Describe how the instrument in (a)(i) is constructed and how it is played.	ניו
(b)	(i)	Identify the <b>percussion</b> instrument heard in this extract.	[3]
	(ii)	Describe in detail the music that the <b>percussion</b> instrument plays and its interactions with the melodic instrument as the extract progresses.	[1]
			[3]
	(iii)	How does music of the percussion instrument in this extract differ from the traditional role of the percussion instrument in this tradition?	
			[2]
(c)	(i)	Name the musical tradition from which is extract is taken from.	[1]
	(ii)	Describe how this musical tradition is passed down.	F.1
			[1]

### **END OF PAPER**