	Subject			
	SS SBQ SKILLS			
	Inference (Message of the source)			
112.112.11	- "shows", "tells", "says", "learns", "message"			
NO VAMO:				
There's no	-"what is the message of this source?", "what is the cartoonist's message?"			
vviig v	-Oinference			
	→ The message of the source is that			
	- @Evidence			
	→ This is evident from "".			
	- 3 Explanation			
	→ This suggests that			
	- Look at the Inquiry Question for a nint!			
1	Purpose => No need to do x-ref.			
	- "wny did?", "Intention"			
-	-> "why was this cartoon published?", "why did the author make this social media post?"			
	-O Purpose			
	-> The purpose of the source is to (Inis cartoon was published to)			
	- Overb			
	-> convince/persuade/enwurage/criticise/warn x snow/tell			
MOM	- 3 Andience			
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-> singaporeans/worried parents/tne government/aspiring entrepreneurs etc. x public/people			
10	- Message			
	→ tnat			
	-60utwme			
	→ so that (common answer is "support")			
	- © Evidence			
	→ This is evident from "".			
	- (1) Explanation			
	→ This suggests that			
X NO x-ref 3.				
to other	- "Howsimilar/different are Sources A and B?"			
sources?	→ BOTH similarity and difference (1 each)			
	-"How are they similar/different?"			
	→ ONLY similarity/difference (2)			
	-"Do you think the writer in source A would agree with the cartoonist in source B?"			
-common criteria: Provenance, source content, Tone, Purpose, Perspective				
	- "How far does the author in source A agree with the author in source 8?"			
	- "How do the sources agree on"			

For the "How far will source A agree with source B" ("Agree" type of question) - Both sources will agree with each other as they both " (common criteria)"

S	ubject: Date: .
	-Osimilarity
	-> Sources A and B are similar in "(common criteria)"
	- Devidence
	> This is evident from A"" and from B""
	-3 Explanation
	→ Both sources feel that
	-Doifference
	-However, they are different in "common criteria)" or Both sources disagree on "common
	criteria)
	- (5) Evidence + Explanation
	→ This is evident from A"". This suggests that
	→ This is contradicted in B, which says "". This suggests that
	- © Similarity/Difference in Tone/Purpose
	-> Both sources are different in tone. Source A has a <u>(Tone descriptor)</u> tone as seen in the words
10	used like"" and"". In contrast, B portrays a ctone descriptor) tone, with
TON	the use of words like "" and "".
-	\rightarrow rone descriptors: persuasivelenwuraging/self-assuring/exaggerated/solemn/confident/
	self-righteous/complacent/condescending/convincing/positive/optimistic/pessimistic/
	palanced/objective/emotional/critical
	-> Both sources have similar purposes as they both They both want to (verb) (Audience)
PURPOSE	tnat (Message) so tnat (outcome).
MR	-> Both sources are different in purpose. The purpose of A is (VAMO). This is different from B,
	where the le.g. minister) wants to CVAMO).
4.	Reliability
	-"How reliable is the source as evidence of?", "Does/How fardoes the source prove?",
	"Do/can you trust/believe the source?","How far can you accept the source as evidence of?"
	-OReliable x-ref:
	→ The source is reliable as evidence of As source B supports Source
	-Devidence A, source A is reliable and
	→ This is evident from "". hence further proves that
	- @Explanation - As Source B refutes source
	→ mis suggests tnat A, Source A is unreliable
· Ifgiven 2	
sourcesi	>This is further supported by source_, which says that " ". that
x-ref	-Sunreliable
between	-> However, the source is unreliable even though it says " ". Source_refutes it as it
given sources	says"".
· If given Is	
x-ref to an	external source.

· stant	* Association (author's identity, role, background) The energy of language (tone -very +ve/-ve) * Association (author's identity, role, background) * opinion presented as Fact (personal opinion described until it seems like a definitive fact)		
	-6 Reliability based on Tone/Purpose/Provenance explained		
	-> The tone of the source is (Tone descriptor). He uses words like "" which makes the source		
	unreliable due to his bias/underlying bias.		
	-> The source is unreliable as there is a purpose. The ce.g.minister) is trying to (VAMO).		
	> Incommon to an additional to a second to		
5.	Utility		
	- "How useful is the source as evidence of _?", "which source is more useful in showing _ ?"		
	-Ouseful		
	→ source_ is useful as it tells me		
	- DEvidence		
	→Mis is evident from "".		
	-3 Explanation		
	→ This suggests that		
	- 1x-ref (to a reliable source for support on utility)		
	-This is further supported by source _, which says that "". This suggests that		
K	Since source—is supported by source—, the source is reliable and useful.		
comes after the x-ref	-(5)Not useful (Limited)		
source.	-However, source _ is not useful as itdid not/failed to tell me that/omitted information/		
. 1	omitted the fact that		
	-6 Evidence		
	→ This is evident from source _, which says that "".		
	- Dex planation		
	→ This suggests that		
	- (8) Overall Evaluation based on Purpose/Provenance explained		
	-> overall, the source is useful/not useful because		
	+ Biased? Balanced? Is there an agenda? [Explain Provenance]		
	→ Explain purpose: VAMO.		
6.	Surprise		
	-"Are you surprised by?" -"How surprised are you by source _?" -Osurprised/Not surprised _ "Did you expect the author in source _ to make such a statement?		
	- Osurprised/Not surprised - "Did you expect the author in source - to make such a statement?		
	- Devidence		
	→ This is evident from "".		
	-3 explanation		
	→ This suggests that		
	-⊕x-ref		
	→ surprised: contradict		
	-> Notsurprised: support		

	Date: · ·
	- Surprised/Not surprised pased on context of source (purpose, provenance, context)
1 1 1	- 6) Surprised Not surprised pased on context of source transcriptions of the context of th
3 EVALUATED	
$\sqrt[7]{SS}$ - 7.	Hyprid
Istand	-Inference + Reliability
History-	→ "Are you surprised by this source?"
bothsides	- comparison + inference + Reliability
	-"Does Source - make you surprised by the views expressed in source -?"
	-> "Does source _ mate source _ surprising?"
*	-> "Havingread source_, are you surprised by source_?"
	→ "Does Source_prove that source_is wrong?"
	- Comparison + Inference + Reliability/Utility
	-> "Which source is more reliable/useful as evidence as _?"
*	-Osurprised/Notsurprised
	-> Having read source_, lam surprised/not surprised by source_because they are
	similar/different in
	- Devidence + Explanation
V	-> Surprised: This is evident from Source_"". This suggests that However, in
same para	•
1	-> Not surprised: This is evident from _ " "and _ " ". They both suggest that
	-(3) x-ref(Anysource/BI)
	-> surprised: supports _/ => EITHER
	→ Not surprised: supports+ ⇒ BOTH
	-@Evaluate purpose & provenance
	-> surprised: similar (both sources can have similar provenances but different content!)
	→Notsurprised: different
	→ VAMO
8.	Assertion
	- 2 agree, 2 disagree
	-Ostand
	→1 agree/disagree that
	- @ Agree
	-> Sources_and_agree with the statement.
	-> Source_agrees with the statement. This is evident from " ". This suggests that
	-> Source_"
	Fr II bearing

- Disagree - However, Sources _ and _ disagree with the statement. - Source _ " - Outs to points marks - All Through analysing at least one source in relation to its reliability furtility furtificiency - As By sharing an example (i) from contextual through dege. - As By sharing an example (i) from contextual through dege. - As By sharing an example (i) from contextual through dege. - As By sharing a balanced conclusion/resolution. SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [Am] - Identify + Describe 2 strategies / reasons/ messages -> Explaine each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor #1 - Para 2: Factor #2 - Para 3: Weigh the factors -> take a stand	S		oc
→However, sources _ and _ disagree with the statement. →Source_disagrees with the statement This is evident from "". This suggests that → Source" — ② Last 2 bonus marks — #1: Through analysing at least one source in relation to its reliability/utility/sufficiency. → #2: By sharing an example (s) from contextual knowledge. — #3: By giving a balanced conclusion/resolution. SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [fm] — Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages — Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] — Para 1: Factor#1 — Para 2: Factor#2 Describe + Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) — Para 2: Factor#2			
→ Source_disagrees with the statement This is evident from "" This suggests that → Source" — ① Last 2 bonus marks — #1: Through analysing at least one source in relation to its reliability/utility/sufficiency. — #2: By sharing an example(i) from contextual knowledge. — > #3: By giving a balanced conclusion/resolution. SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [fm] — Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages — > Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge — explain each strategy (b) [8 m] — Para 1: Factor#1 — Para 2: Factor#2			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
→ Source _ " - ⊕ Last 2 bonus marks → #1: Through analysing at least one source in relation to its reliability/utility/sufficiency. → #2: By sharing an example (c) from contextual knowledge. → #3: By giving a balanced conclusion/resolution. SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [fm] - Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages → Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor #1 - Para 2: Factor #2			· This ruggests that
→#1: Through analysing at least one source in relation to its reliability/utility/sufficiency. →#2: By sharing an example (1) from contextual throwledge. →#3: By giving a balanced conclusion/resolution. SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [fm] - Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages → Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8m] - Para 1: Factor#1 Describe + Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2			
→#3: By sharing an example (s) from contextual tho wledge →#3: By giving a balanced conclusion/resolution. SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [fm] - Identify + Describe 2 strategies / reasons/messages → Evidence: textbook, contextual thowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor#1 Describe + Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2		- @ Last a bonus marks	
→#3: By giving a balanced conclusion/resolution. SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [fm] -Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages → Evidence: textbook, contextmal knowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor#1 - Para 2: Factor#2		->#1: Through analysing at least one source in relation to its re	eliability/utility/sufficiency.
SS SRQ SKILLS (a) [7m] -Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages > Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8m] - Para 1: Factor#1 - Para 2: Factor#2			
(a) [fm] -Identify + Describe 2 strategies / reasons / messages → Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor#1 Describe + Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2		->#3: By giving a balanced conclusion/resolution.	
-Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages → Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor#1 Describe + Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2		SS SRQ SKILLS	
→ Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge - Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor#1 Describet Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2	(a)	[fm]	
- Explain each strategy (b) [8 m] - Para 1: Factor#1 Describet Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2		-Identify + Describe 2 strategies/reasons/messages	
(b) [8 m] - Para I: Factor#I Describet Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2		-> Evidence: textbook, contextual knowledge	
- Para 1: Factor#1 Describet Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2		- Explain each strategy	
- Para 1: Factor#1 Describet Explain each factor in detail (PEEL) - Para 2: Factor#2			
- Para 2: Factor#2	(b)		
			l)
- Para 3: Weigh the factors → take a stang			
		- Para 3: Weigh the factors → take a stang	
			and the second s