

# H2 Mathematics 9758

# ANNEX

| Paper 1 |                                |  |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| QN      | TOPIC (Please Select)          | ANSWERS ( <u>Exclude graphs and text answers</u> )   |
| 1       | Equations & Inequalities       | 159.17   |
| 2       | Graphs & Transformations       | (ii) $-0.5 < k \leq -0.470$ or $-0.0503 \leq k \leq 0$   |
| 3       | Differentiation & Applications | (i) $x^2 = y^2 - 4a$ .<br>(ii) $k=4$   |
| 4       | Integration & Applications     | (a) $\frac{\sin^2 x \cos^4 x}{4} - \frac{\cos^6 x}{12} + C$<br>(b) $= 2\sqrt{5-3x^2+2x} + \sqrt{3} \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{4}(3x-1) + C$  |
| 5       | Equations & Inequalities       | $\therefore x < \frac{1-\sqrt{1+8a^2}}{2a}$ or $0 < x < \frac{1}{a}$ or $\frac{1}{a} < x < \frac{1+\sqrt{1+8a^2}}{2a}$   |
| 6       | Differential Equations         | (i) $(a-x) \frac{dy}{dx} = x - y$<br>(ii) $y = a + (a-x)[\ln(a-x) + C]$  |
| 7       | Sigma Notation & MOD           | (i) $u_n = 3An^2 - An - B$<br>(iii) $n^3 - 2n^2$   |
| 8       | Integration & Applications     | $S = \frac{1}{5}(1+e^{-2\pi})$ and $C = \frac{2}{5}(1+e^{-2\pi}); \frac{\pi}{20}(9-e^{-2\pi})$   |
| 9       | Maclaurin & Binomial Series    | (i) $\ln(k+2x)^n = n \left[ \ln k + \frac{2x}{k} - \frac{2x^2}{k^2} + \frac{8x^3}{3k^3} - \dots \right]$<br>(ii) $-\frac{k}{2} < x \leq \frac{k}{2}$<br>(iii) $2-3\ln 3$<br>(iv) -2<br>(v) 54.3% |
| 10      | Vectors                        | (i) $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 7 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ (ii) $x + y - z = 14$ (iii) $\theta = 54.7^\circ$ or $0.955$<br>(v) $4\sqrt{3}$  |
| 11      | Differentiation & Applications | (ii) $K \approx 0.318$<br>(iii) 0.395  |
| 12      | APGP                           | (ii) 2 weeks (iii) $u_n = 2^{n+1} - 1 + \frac{n}{2}(n-1)$ (iv) 22 weeks  |

| Paper 2 |                                |  |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| QN      | TOPIC (Please Select)          | ANSWERS ( <u>Exclude graphs and text answers</u> )   |
| 1       | Integration & Applications     | $a^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{32} \right)$  |
| 2       | Functions                      | (i) $f^{-1}(x) = -k + \sqrt{x+k^2}$ ; $D_{f^{-1}} = [-k^2, \infty)$<br>(ii) $x = -1 \pm \frac{8}{7}\sqrt{10}$  |
| 3       | Differentiation & Applications | (i) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2\theta}$ ; $(0, \pi)$<br>(ii) $\theta = -0.235$   |
| 4       | Vectors                        | (i) $\overrightarrow{OZ} = 2(3\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ ; $\overrightarrow{OX} = 2\mathbf{b}$ ; $\overrightarrow{OY} = \frac{1}{2}(3\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$<br>(ii) $\theta = 60^\circ$ or $\frac{\pi}{3}$ |
| 5       | Complex Numbers                | (a) $5 + i$ and $-2$ ; $p = -8$ ; $q = 52$<br>(b)(i) $2\sqrt{3}e^{i\left(\frac{-2\pi}{3}\right)}$ (ii) 2, 5, 8   |
| 6       | PnC & Probability              | (a) 768 (b)(i) 8610 (ii) 40320 (iii) 4320  |
| 7       | DRV                            | (ii) $P(S=1.5) = \frac{20n}{(n+5)(n+4)(n+3)}$<br><br>$P(S=2) = \frac{60}{(n+5)(n+4)(n+3)}$   |
| 8       | Binomial Distribution          | (ii) 0.982 (iii) 25 (iv) 0.840   |
| 9       | PnC & Probability              | (ii) 0.5 (iii) 0.25 (iv) 0.6 (v) $\frac{11}{60}$   |
| 10      | Normal Distribution            | (i) 0.0259 (ii) 0.00360 (iv) 204 minutes (v) 0.0117  |
| 11      | Hypothesis Testing             | (ii) $\bar{x} = 99.1$ ; $s^2 \approx 10.9$<br>(iv) $H_0: \mu = 100$<br>$H_1: \mu < 100$<br>(iv) $m = 99$   |