## **Statistics 3 Tutorial: Discrete Random Variables**

## **Basic Mastery Questions**

- 1. Two fair dice are thrown. Let *X* be the sum of the two results. By considering the 36 possible outcomes,
  - (i) make a table of probability distribution.
  - (ii) find P(X > 4).
  - (iii) Calculate the mean of the random variable of X.

Solution:

(i)

(-)											
X = x	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
P(X=x)	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{2}{36}$	$\frac{3}{36}$	$\frac{4}{36}$	$\frac{5}{36}$	$\frac{6}{36}$	$\frac{5}{36}$	$\frac{4}{36}$	$\frac{3}{36}$	$\frac{2}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$

(ii) 
$$P(X > 4) = P(X \ge 5) = \frac{30}{36} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$E(X) = \sum xP(X = x)$$

$$= \frac{2}{36} + \frac{6}{36} + \frac{12}{36} + \frac{20}{36} + \frac{30}{36} + \frac{42}{36} + \frac{40}{36} + \frac{36}{36} + \frac{30}{36} + \frac{22}{36} + \frac{12}{36}$$

$$= 7$$

2. A bag contains eight blue discs and seven orange ones. Two discs are removed without replacement. Given that *X* is the number of orange discs taken out, draw up a probability distribution table, showing all the values of *X* together with the probability of each occurrence.

Solution:

X = x	0	1	2		
P(X=x)	$\frac{8}{15} \cdot \frac{7}{14} = \frac{56}{210}$	$2.\frac{8}{15}.\frac{7}{14} = \frac{112}{210}$	$\frac{7}{15} \cdot \frac{6}{14} = \frac{42}{210}$		