CANDIDATE NAME	:		
CLASS	:	INDEX NUMBER	:

SCIENCE (CHEMISTRY)

5105/03

Paper 3 Multiple Choice 3 Aug 2023

Papers 3 and 4: 1 hour 15 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, class and index number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **twenty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Answers to Paper 3 and Paper 4 must be handed in separately.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

You are advised to spend no more than 30 minutes on Paper 3.

You may proceed to answer Paper 4 as soon as you have completed Paper 3.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

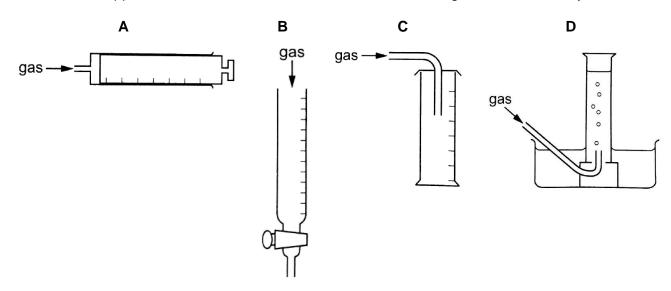
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 10.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

Setter: Mdm Elvina Abu Hasan

1 Students do an experiment that produces a soluble gas.

Which apparatus allows them to measure the volume of the gas **most** accurately?



2 The table shows the boiling points of some of the elements present in air.

element	boiling point / °C
argon	-186
helium	-269
neon	-246
nitrogen	−196
oxygen	-183

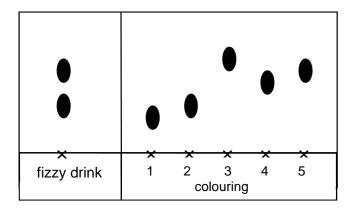
Which elements are liquid at -200 °C?

- A argon, helium and neon
- **B** argon, nitrogen and oxygen
- **C** helium and neon only
- **D** nitrogen and oxygen only

3 Which changes occur when a liquid at 80 °C becomes a gas at 140 °C?

	distance between particles	energy of particles
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decrease
D	increases	increases

4 A chromatography test was carried out on the contents of a fizzy drink to find out which colourings it contains. The results of the chromatogram is shown below.



Which two colourings are found in the fizzy drink?

A 1 and 3

B 2 and 4

C 2 and 5

D 3 and 4

5 The structures of four atoms are given in the table below.

atom	number of protons	number of electrons	number of neutrons
W	15	15	15
Х	16	16	16
Υ	15	15	17
Z	16	18	16

Which pair of atoms are isotopes?

A W and X

B W and Y

C X and Y

D X and Z

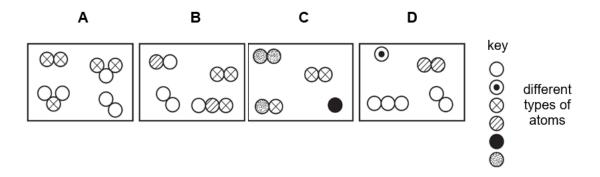
6 Magnesium metal reacts with chlorine gas to form magnesium chloride.

Which substance could be magnesium chloride?

	molting point	actubility in water	conducts electricity	
	melting point	solubility in water	solid	liquid
Α	high	insoluble	no	yes
В	high	soluble	no	yes
С	low	insoluble	no	no
D	low	soluble	yes	yes

7 Four different mixtures of gases are made.

Which diagram represents a mixture consisting of elements only?



8 Butenedioic acid has the structure shown below.

What is the molecular formula of butenedioic acid?

- A $C_2H_2O_2$
- $\textbf{B} \quad C_4H_4O_2$
- **C** C₄H₄O₄
- $\textbf{D} \quad C_6H_4O_4$

9 Four different solutions, W, X, Y and Z, are tested with Universal Indicator.

solution	W	Х	Y	Z
colour with Universal Indicator	green	red	purple	orange

Which solution(s) is / are acidic?

- A W and Z
- **B** X only
- C X and Z
- **D** Y only

10 Element Y forms an oxide that reacts with both acids and bases.

Which row is correct for element Y?

	type of element	type of oxide
Α	metallic	amphoteric
В	metallic	basic
С	non-metallic	acidic
D	non-metallic	amphoteric

11 Elements X, Y and Z are in Group VII of the Periodic Table.

X is a gas.

Y is less reactive than Z.

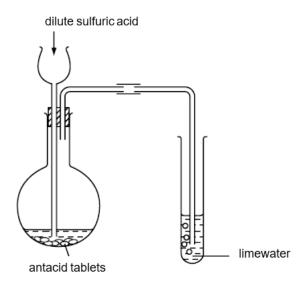
Z is a red liquid.

When X, Y and Z are placed in order of increasing proton number, which is the correct order?

- $\textbf{A} \quad X \to Y \to Z$
- $\textbf{B} \quad X \to Z \to Y$
- $\textbf{C} \quad Y \to X \to Z$
- $\boldsymbol{D} \quad Y \to Z \to X$

12 Antacid tablets are taken to relieve indigestion.

In an experiment, dilute sulfuric acid is added to antacid tablets in the apparatus shown. The gas given off is bubbled through limewater. A white precipitate forms in the limewater.



What do the antacid tablets contain?

- A magnesium
- **B** magnesium carbonate
- C magnesium hydroxide
- D magnesium oxide

13 The results of adding some metals to salt solutions are as follows:

copper + zinc sulfate → no reaction
magnesium + zinc sulfate → magnesium sulfate + zinc
copper + silver sulfate → copper(II) sulfate + silver

What is the order of reactivity of the metals?

	most reactive		——	least reactive
Α	magnesium	copper	zinc	silver
В	magnesium	zinc	copper	silver
С	silver	copper	zinc	magnesium
D	zinc	magnesium	silver	copper

14 The table below describe the reactions between three metals X, Y and Z with cold water and steam.

	reaction with cold water	reaction with steam
Х	no reaction	reacts slowly to form hydrogen gas
Υ	no reaction	no reaction
Z	reacts readily to form hydrogen gas	reacts violently to form hydrogen gas

What could be the identities of metals X, Y and Z?

	Х	Y	Z
Α	copper	lead	magnesium
В	iron	lead	calcium
С	zinc	sodium	copper
D	zinc	potassium	silver

15 Which row describes the trends in melting point and reactivity down Group I?

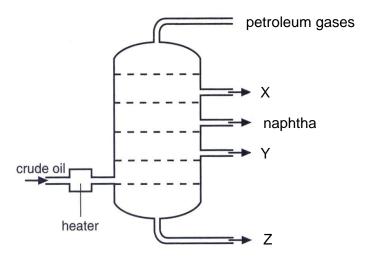
	trend in melting point	trend in reactivity
Α	decreases down the group	increases down the group
В	decreases down the group	decreases down the group
С	increases down the group	increases down the group
D	increases down the group	decreases down the group

16 Lubricating oil is obtained from crude oil.

What is lubricating oil used for?

- A as fuel for aircraft engines
- B as fuel for heating and cooking
- **C** for making polishes and waxes
- D for making road surfaces

17 The diagram below shows a section of an oil refinery which separates crude oil into useful fractions.



What are the fractions X, Y and Z?

	Х	Υ	Z
Α	petrol	lubricating oil	kerosene
В	petrol	kerosene	bitumen
С	diesel	kerosene	lubricating oil
D	lubricating oil	petrol	bitumen

18 Margarine is manufactured by passing hydrogen through unsaturated vegetable oils to form a solid product.

Which type of reaction is involved in this process?

- **A** addition
- **B** displacement
- **C** neutralisation
- **D** substitution
- 19 Cracking is a process where big alkane molecules are passed over a solid catalyst at a high temperature to produce a mixture of alkanes.

Dodacane, $C_{12}H_{26}$, can be cracked to produce two products as shown in the equation below.

 $C_{12}H_{26} \rightarrow 2C_5H_{10} + hydrocarbon Z$

D C_7H_{16}

What is the chemical formula for hydrocarbon **Z**?

A C₂H₂ **B** C₂H₄ **C** C₂H₆

20 The structures of some organic molecules are shown.

Which structures represent an alkane with four carbon atoms?

- **A** 1 and 3
- **B** 2 and 3
- **C** 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 4

END OF PAPER

The Periodic Table of Elements

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71		Intetium	175	103	د	awrencium	ı
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65	<u>P</u>	terbium	159	97	益	berkelium	1
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63	Ш	europium	152	92	Am	americium	ı
62	Sm	samarium	150	94	Pu	plutonium	1
61	Pm	promethium	1	93	g	neptunium	1
09	P	neodymium	144	95	⊃	uranium	238
29	፵	praseodymium	141	91	Pa	protactinium	231
28	ပီ	cerium	140	06	드	thorium	232
22	Гa	lanthanum	139	68	Ac	actinium	1
lanthanoids				actinoids			

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).