CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE



on Name: **ANSWERS** () Class: SEC 3

CHEMICAL FORMULAE & EQUATIONS – ASSIGNMENT

Multiple-Choice Questions [20 Marks] TOTAL SCORE / 30 Write in your selected answer for the multiple-choice questions in the boxes provided. 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 B С B C B D D 20 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 С В С С С С D D 1. Which of the following ions is **not** a molecular ion? **A** ammonium ion **B** hydroxide ion **C** nitrate ion **D** sulfide ion 2. Which of the following substances contains both covalent and ionic bonds? **A** Al_2O_3 **B** $C_6H_{12}O_6$ C NH₄NO₃ **D** SiO₂ 3. In which of the following sets do all the compounds contain only ionic bonds? **A** calcium oxide; carbon dioxide; magnesium oxide **B** calcium oxide; magnesium oxide; sodium chloride **C** carbon dioxide; copper(II) sulfate; hydrogen chloride **D** copper(II) sulfate; hydrogen chloride; magnesium oxide 4. What is the chemical formula for barium hydroxide? **B** Ba(OH)₂ A BaOH C BaOH₂ **D** (Ba)OH₃ 5. What is the chemical formula for copper(II) nitrate? **B** Cu₂NO₃ A CuNO₃ **C** Cu_3NO_2 **D** $Cu(NO_3)_2$ 6. What is the formula for diphosphorus pentaoxide? B PO₅ A PO₄ **C** P_2O_5 **D** P₃O₄

7. What are the formulae for ammonia, carbon dioxide and methane?

	<u>ammonia</u>	<u>carbon dioxide</u>	<u>methane</u>
Α	AH	CO ₂	MH_4
В	NH₃	CO ₂	CH ₄
С	NH_4	C_2O_2	MH_4
D	A ₂ H	CO ₂	CH₄

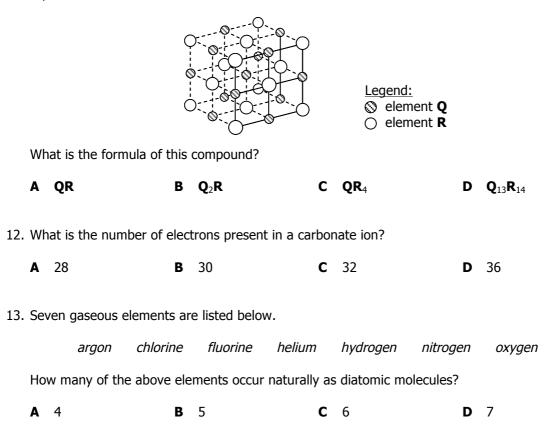
8. An unknown element **X** forms an ionic compound of the formula X_2SO_4 . What is the formula for the ion of **X**?

A X^+ **B** X^{2+} **C** X^{3+} **D** X^{4+}

- 9. An unknown element **Y** forms a compound Al_2 **Y**₃ with aluminium. What is the formula of the compound formed between **Y** and magnesium?
 - **A** MgY **B** MgY₂ **C** MgY₃ **D** Mg₂Y₃
- 10. What is the chemical formula for diamond and graphite?

	<u>diamond</u>	graphite
Α	С	С
В	С	C ₆₀
С	C ₄	С
D	C ₄	C ₆₀

11. A portion of an ionic lattice is shown below.



14. Several elements and their formulae are shown below. Which formula is **incorrect**?

A bromine, Br **B** iodine, I₂ **C** krypton, Kr **D** nitrogen, N₂

15. Several elements and their formulae are shown below. Which formula is **incorrect**?

A argon, Ar **B** hydrogen, H₂ **C** magnesium, Mg_2 **D** sodium, Na

16. A chemical equation is shown below:

a $NH_3 + b CH_4 + c O_2 \rightarrow d HCN + e H_2O$

Given that **a**, **b**, **c**, **d** and **e** are the smallest possible integer values for the equation to be balanced, what is the value of e?

C 6 **D** 7 **A** 2 **B** 4

17. A chemical equation is shown below:

a $CH_3(CH_2)_3COOH + b O_2 \rightarrow c CO_2 + d H_2O$

Given that **a**, **b**, **c** and **d** are the smallest possible integer values for the equation to be balanced, what is the value of **b**?

A 6 **B** 7 **C** 13 **D** 15

- 18. Some iron fillings were burnt in the presence of oxygen, forming iron(III) oxide. Which of the following equations correctly represents this reaction?
 - **A** 2 Fe + 3 O \longrightarrow Fe₂O₃
 - **B** 3 Fe + $O_2 \longrightarrow Fe_3O_2$
 - **C** 4 Fe + 3 $O_2 \longrightarrow$ 2 Fe₂ O_3
 - **D** Fe₂ + $O_3 \longrightarrow Fe_2O_3$
- 19. When solutions of barium chloride and lead(II) nitrate are mixed, a white precipitate of lead(II) chloride is formed, leaving a solution of barium nitrate as the byproduct. Which of the following equations correctly represents this reaction?

 - **C** $Pb(NO_3)_2(aq) + 2 BaCl_2(aq) \longrightarrow 2 PbCl_2(s) + Ba(NO_3)_2(aq)$
 - **D** $Pb(NO_3)_2(aq) + BaCl_2(aq) \longrightarrow Ba(NO_3)_2(aq) + PbCl_2(s)$
- 20. Which of the following equations best represents water boiling?
 - **A** 2 H₂O (I) \longrightarrow 2 H₂ (g) + O₂ (g)
 - $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{B} & H_2O~(aq) \longrightarrow 2~H~(g) + O~(g) \\ \textbf{C} & H_2O~(aq) \longrightarrow H_2O~(g) \end{array}$

 - **D** $H_2O(I) \longrightarrow H_2O(g)$

Structured Questions [10 Marks]

- 21. Construct balanced chemical equations, including state symbols, for the chemical reactions as described below. [10]
 - (a) Aluminium combines directly with chlorine to form aluminium chloride.

2 Al (s) + 3 Cl₂ (g) \longrightarrow 2 AlCl₃ (s)

(b) Zinc metal reacts with dilute nitric acid to form aqueous zinc nitrate and hydrogen.

Zn (s) + 2 HNO₃ (aq) \longrightarrow Zn(NO₃)₂ (aq) + H₂ (g)

(c) Ammonia reacts oxygen to form nitrogen monoxide and water vapour.

 $4 \text{ NH}_3 (g) + 5 O_2 (g) \longrightarrow 4 \text{ NO} (g) + 6 \text{ H}_2 \text{O} (g)$

(d) Hydrogen is produced when methane is reformed with steam. Carbon monoxide is a byproduct of this industrial process.

 CH_4 (g) + H_2O (g) \longrightarrow 3 H_2 (g) + CO (g)

(e) Iron reacts with dilute silver nitrate, forming aqueous iron(II) nitrate and silver.

Fe (s) + 2 AgNO₃ (aq) \rightarrow Fe(NO₃)₂ (aq) + 2 Ag (s)

END