Markers' Report

Subject	:	Mathematics
Paper No	:	1
Level/Stream	:	Secondary 3 Express
Marker	:	Mark Lim & Chin Zhi Hao

General Comments (for difficulty of paper, etc): The paper is generally difficult for the lower ability students. Graph reading and sketching prove challenging for the students.

Qn	Markers Feedback / Comments / Misconception / Errors	Total possible	Put a \checkmark if the comment applies to some of the students in the class. Put $\checkmark \checkmark$ if the comment applies to > 50% of students						
		mark for	All	3-7	3-8	3-9	3-10	3-11	
		each	classes			+SBB			
		question							
1	- Well done for this question	2	$\checkmark\checkmark$						
	- Students place $4\frac{1}{6}$ % at the front		\checkmark						
2	- Students uses compound interest to evaluate	2		\checkmark	\checkmark				
	- Students who uses simple interest formula, stopped when they found \$12574.20		\checkmark						
3	- Done well for changing all numbers to 1 s.f.	3					√√		
	- Changing the final answer back of 0.25 to 0.3		\checkmark						
	- Students changing to 1 s.f. e.g. 4.45 to 4.00		\checkmark						
4a	Students conversion from only multiplying by the factor of π	1	\checkmark						
4b	- Generally done well	1	$\checkmark\checkmark$						
	- Students conversion from only multiplying by the factor of			\checkmark		\checkmark			
	180								
5	- Students can apply the formula for length segment but not	3				\checkmark		\checkmark	
	able to manipulate to get the two required answers								
6	- Generally done well	2	$\checkmark\checkmark$						
	- Students did not provide the correct rounding to 1 d.p.		\checkmark						

7	- Student did not apply the law of indices but instead multiply	2	\checkmark					
	$\frac{1}{49} \times \sqrt{7}$ to get the numerical number							
	49							
	- Student attempted to guess the power of x from		\checkmark					
	$0.05399 = 7^x$							
8	- Students stopped when they found the compound interest	3	\checkmark					
	of \$8499.3496				,			
	- Use of simple interest				\checkmark			
	- Students are not able to correct the answers to nearest		$\checkmark\checkmark$					
	cents		vv					
9a	1	1	 ✓ 					
	- Mixed up with $y = \frac{1}{r}$							
9b	- Generally done well	1						
9c	1	1	\checkmark					
	- Mixed up with $y = \frac{1}{r}$							
10	- Students used general formula to factorise	3	 ✓ 					
	$2x^2 + 9x - 5 = 0$							
	- Students did not reject the answer when $x = -5$ which would							
	be good if indicated		$\checkmark\checkmark$					
11a	- Generally done well	1	$\checkmark\checkmark$					
	- Students changed the inequalities sign when there was no							
	multiplication / division of negative numbers						\checkmark	
11b	- Students indicated 1 as one of the prime numbers hence	2	\checkmark					
	resulted in giving the wrong conclusion to the claims							
12a	- Students were not able to give the negative ratio for the	1	$\checkmark\checkmark$					
	cosine ratio							
12b	- Use of sine rule / cosine rule when a right-angle triangle is	2				\checkmark		\checkmark
	given							
13a	- Simplification of indices (e.g. $a^6 \div a^{-6} = a^0$) resulted in lost	2	\checkmark					
	of marks			\checkmark		\checkmark		
	- Students did not simplify b^{0}			•		Ţ		

13b	- Generally done well	2	\checkmark					
	- Marks were no wards if there are negative power				\checkmark		\checkmark	
	a^{-5} , a^{-5} ,							
	(e.g. $5a^{-5}$ or $\frac{a^{-5}}{0.2}$)							
14	- Not able to show the proper presentation in statement	3				$\checkmark\checkmark$		
	format							
	- Incorrect or no reasons given (e.g. similar angle, similar side)							\checkmark
	- Students assumed that <i>RC</i> = 3 and used that in their proving		$\checkmark\checkmark$					
	for AC = AS which resulted in the use of wrong congruency							
	tests		$\checkmark\checkmark$					
	- Student used Pythagoras' theorem to find RS and equate to		vv					
	BC was incorrect also suggested the students' assumption							
45	that AC was also 12 cm	2			\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
15	- Not done well as students do not know how to start	2			•••	v v		•••
	- Students had the misconception that $(2 - 2)^2 - 2(1 - 1)^2$		$\checkmark\checkmark$					
	$(3x - 3y)^2 = 3(x - y)^2$							
	- For students who started with $(3x-3y)^2$, they wrote the		\checkmark					
	expression as $(3x-3y)(3x+3y)$							
16a	- Handful of students committed an manipulation error	1	\checkmark					
	e.g. $10 = -(0-5)(2(0)+b)$ b=5							
16b	- Generally done well	1	\checkmark					
16c	- Students used complete the square method to get the max	2		\checkmark	\checkmark		~	
	value of y.							
	- Students were not able to correctly find the Line of				\checkmark			\checkmark
	symmetry. Error committed $\frac{5-(-1)}{2}=3$							·
17a	- Well done	1	$\checkmark\checkmark$					
17b	- Students did not attempt this part question	2				\checkmark		\checkmark
	- Students did not realise that the gradient of represent the							
	speed of the object and continue to find the exact point at							
	<i>t</i> = 40.		\checkmark					

	- Students did not ignore the negative gradient		\checkmark					
17c	 Many students attempted to find the area under graph to find total distance travel and divide by the time taken Students only used 50 km as the total distance instead of 	2	V					
	adding the return journey of another 50 km		$\checkmark\checkmark$					
18a	Some students have the wrong shape of graph, doing exponential or cubic graphs. A few students plotted the graph, but failed to realise it's a quadratic graph.	2	✓					
18b	Some students draw a curve instead of a straight line. Many explained without drawing a line.	2	√ √					
19a	Many students can complete the square. Some students do $- [6.5^2 + 9]$ to get -51.25 instead of the correct answer.	2		~		✓	~	~
19b	Many students ignore the "Hence" requirement of the question and use quadratic formula.	3	$\checkmark\checkmark$					
20a	Many students do not know billion is 10 ⁹ . A few students write the working as 1.41 billion – 31.2 million.	2	~			~	~	
20b	Many students don't understand the question, either dividing the wrong way, or using part (a) answer instead.	2		✓	~	~~	~	~~
21a	A number of students just give 265.	1	✓					
21b	Most students can get the formula.	1	√ √					
21c	Most students are able to get 64 by solving or trial and error.	1	√ √					
21d	Some students left blank or did not explain much.	1	✓					
22	Most are able to draw a quadrilateral. Some did not draw bisectors accurately. Few are able to locate the region for P. Some just put a dot.	5	~					
23a	Most are able to show by substituting $y = 8$ or using gradient.	1	√ √					
23b	Very well done. Only a few substituted the wrong numbers.	2	√ √					
23c	Few students got it correct. Some students tried Add Math methods to get the answer. (Example: Using equation of perpendicular bisector)	3	✓					
24a	Generally well done.	1	$\checkmark\checkmark$					

24b	Many are not able to visualise the required angle. Some did $12^2 - 9^2$ instead of adding.	3	~				
25a	A number of students divided by 2 instead of 2.2.	1			✓	~	✓
25b	Many find the perimeter of the sector OQR instead of just the shaded region. (Adding 17 instead of 12 and 11)	2	~				
26a	Generally well done. A few inverted the fractions and so got the wrong answer.	1	$\checkmark\checkmark$				
26b	Some put 14 x 30 (distance = speed x time) instead of calculating area under graph.	2			~		
	A few used subtraction of area instead.						
26c	Generally poorly done. Only a few students calculated the instantaneous speed.	2	~				
	Some students mistaken 26 m/s as the average speed.						